



Psych Congress

GOOD, BETTER, BEST:

The Role of L-Methylfolate in Today's
Psychiatric/Clinical Practice

*This activity has been supported through an independent
educational grant from Alfasigma USA, Inc.*

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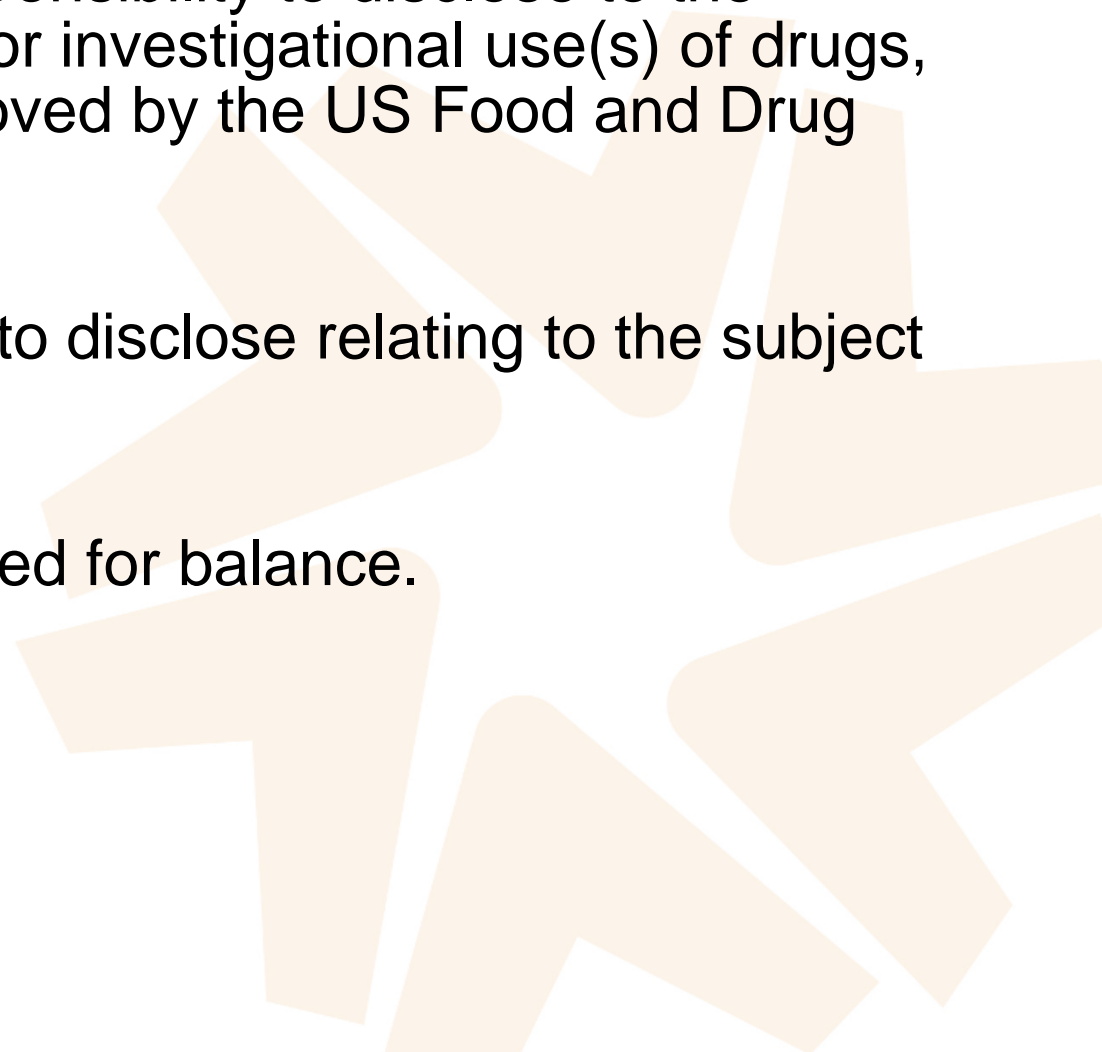
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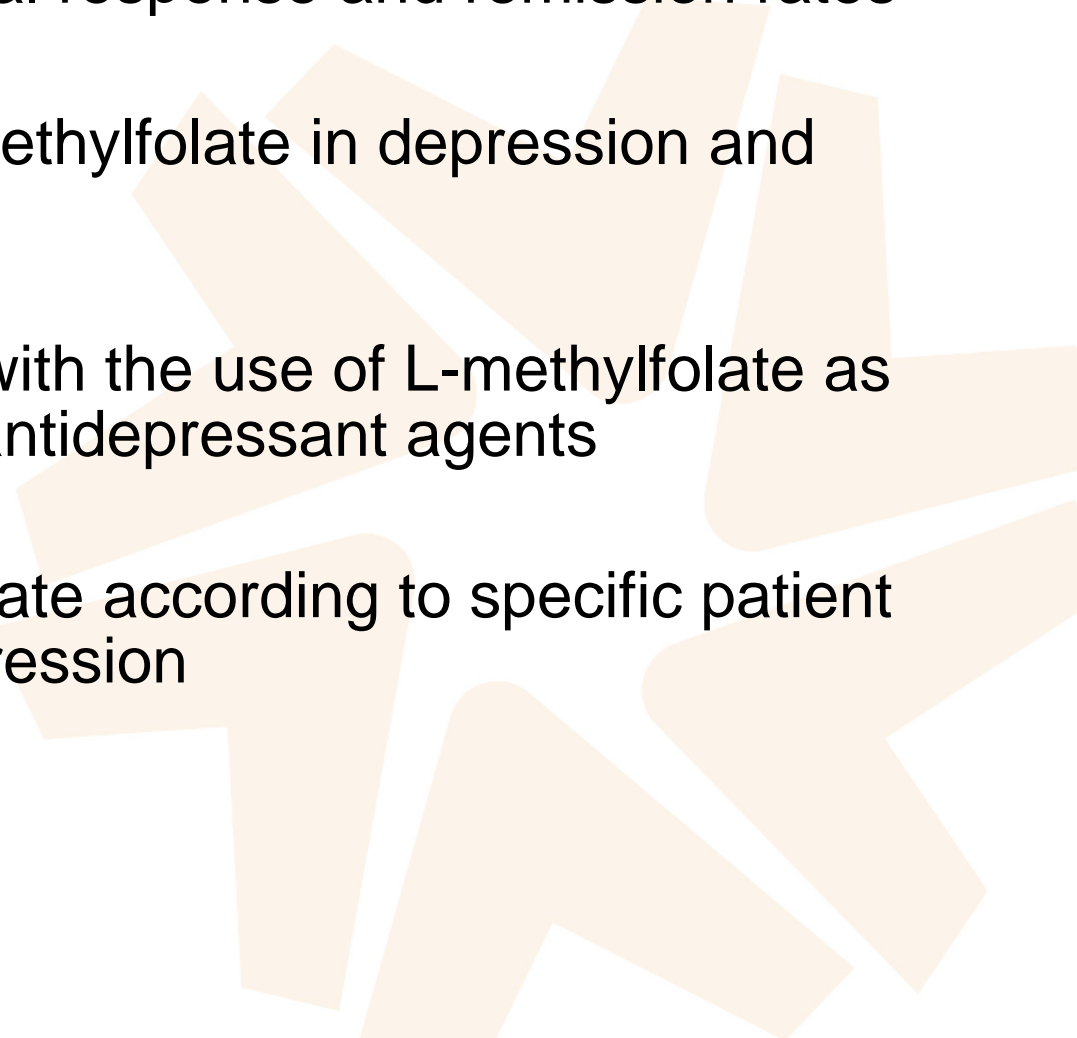
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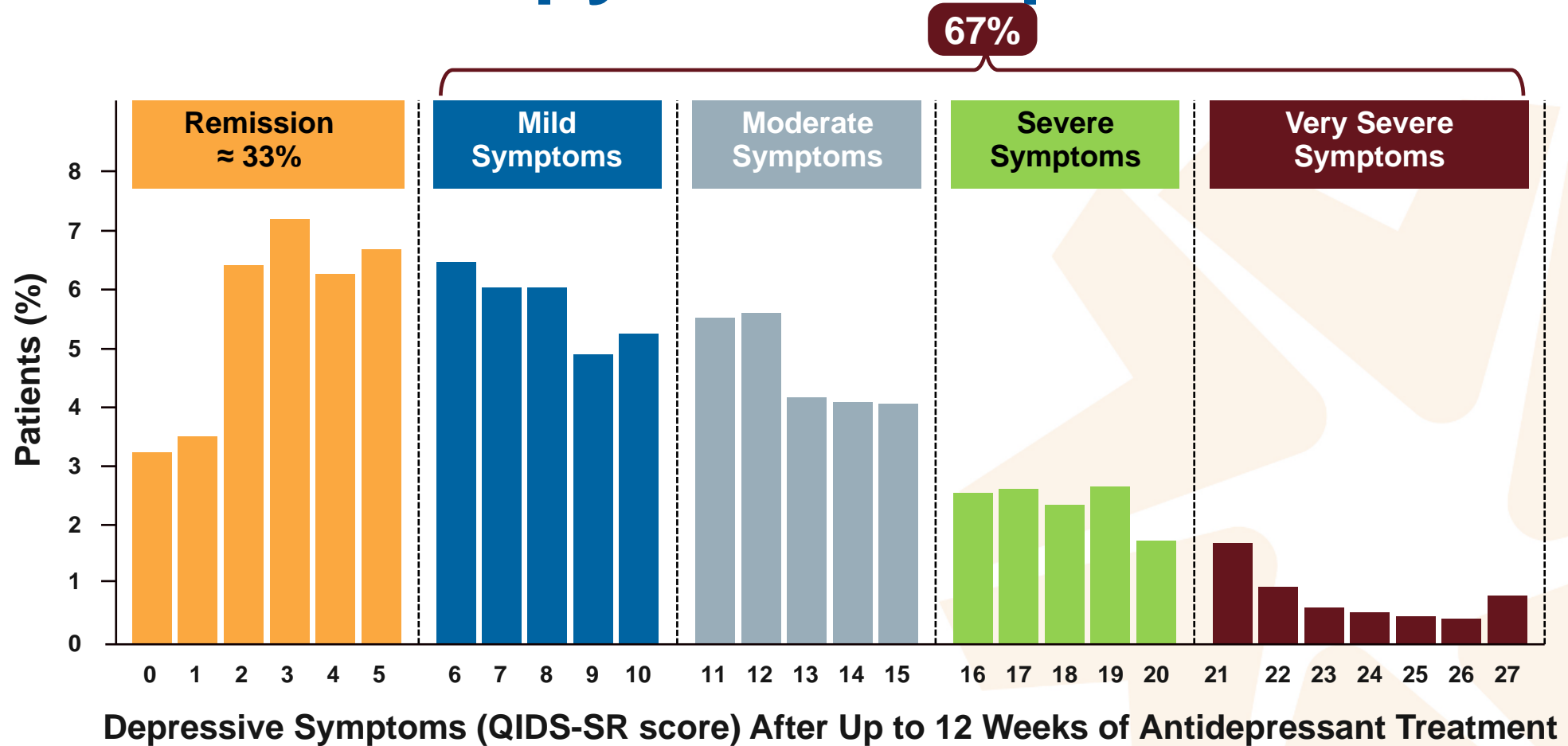
Learning Objectives

- Describe the limitations of traditional monoaminergic antidepressants in patients with depression, including suboptimal response and remission rates
 - Discuss the neurobiological role/MOA of L-methylfolate in depression and potential clinical implications
 - Assess safety and efficacy data associated with the use of L-methylfolate as an adjunctive therapy to currently available antidepressant agents
 - Employ treatment strategies with L-methylfolate according to specific patient profiles for improved outcomes in major depression
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DISEASE STATE



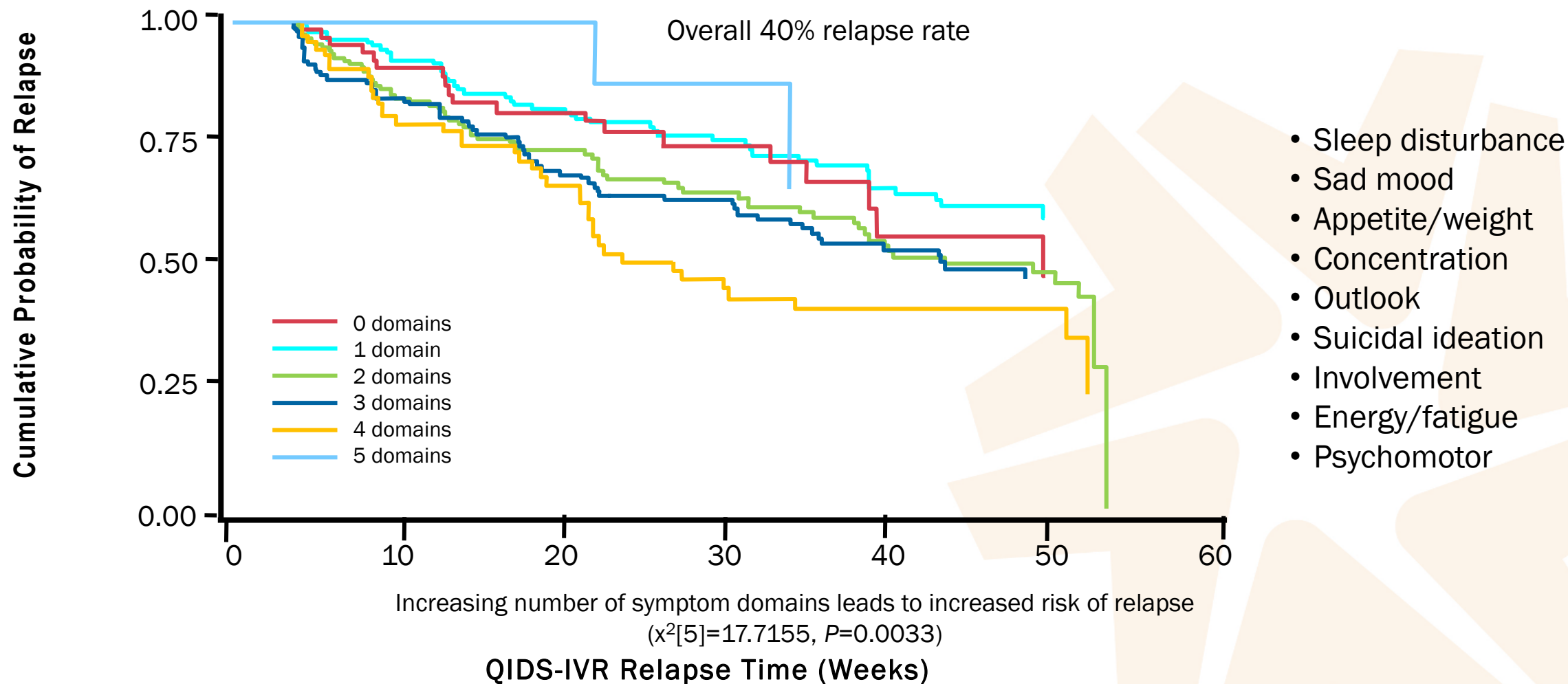
Remission Rates After Initial Antidepressant Therapy are Suboptimal



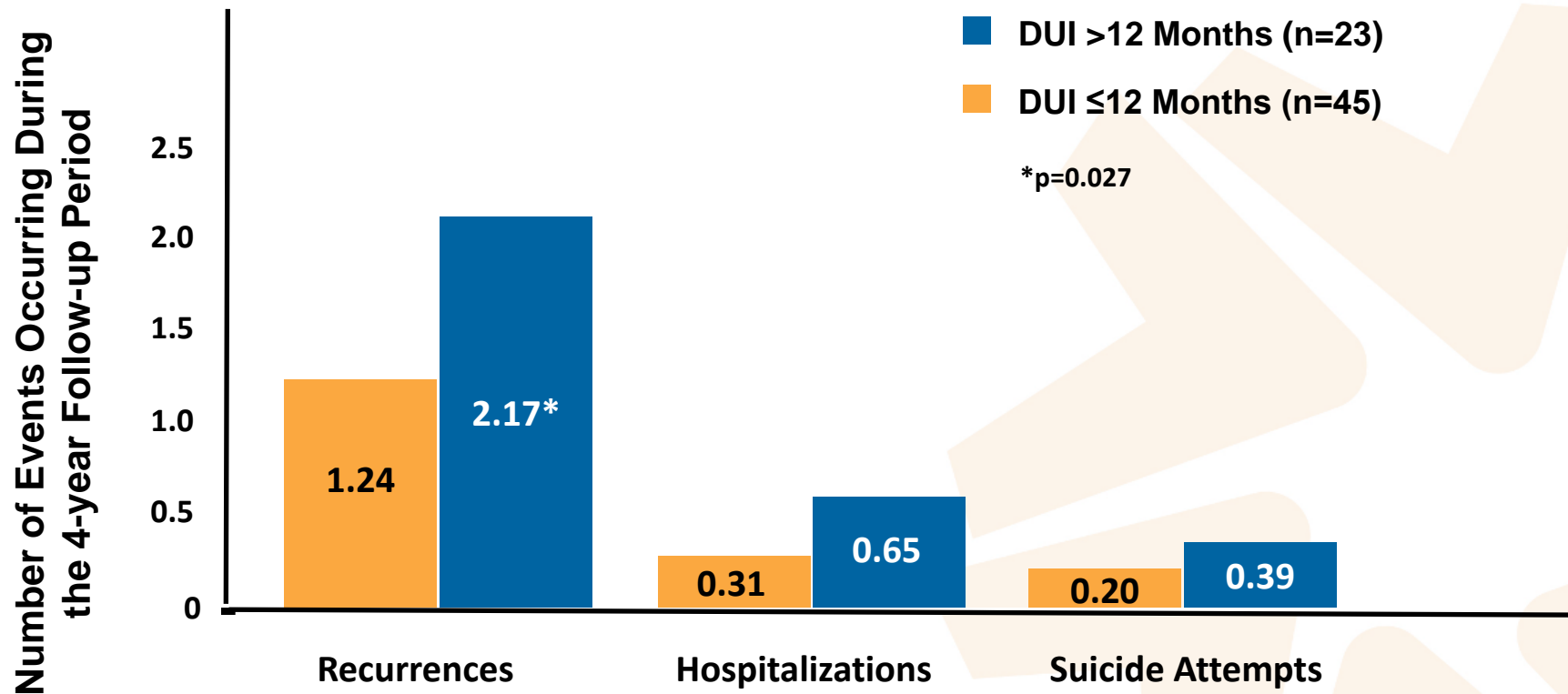
QIDS-SR=Quick Inventory of Depressive Symptomology – Self-Rated

Trivedi MH et al. *Am J Psychiatry*. 2006;163(1):28-40. Trivedi MH et al. *Am J Psychiatry*. 2006;163(1):28-40 Copyright

STAR-D Reveals Its Secrets – The Dangers of Residual Symptoms & Lack of Remission

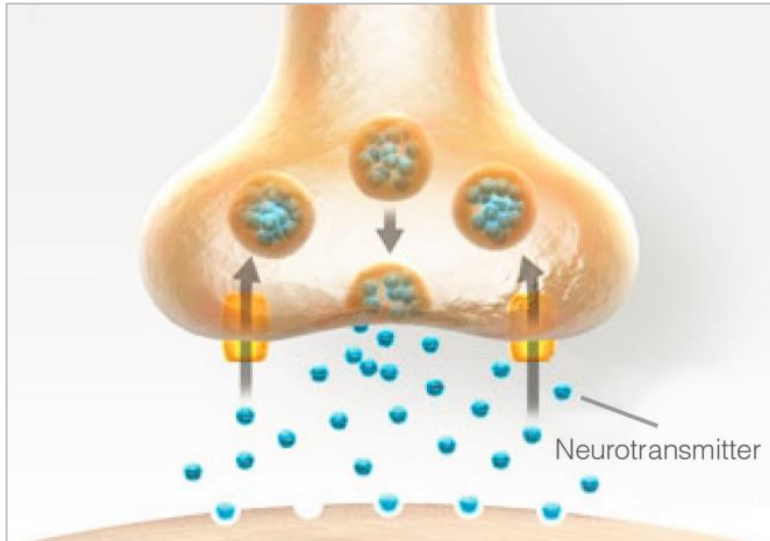


Delay of Treatment May Influence the Future Course of MDD



DUI=Duration of untreated illness, interval between the onset of the first episode and the first antidepressant treatment; MDD=Major depressive disorder.
Altamura et al. *Int J Clin Pract* 2007;61(10):1697-700

Neurotransmitters Play an Important Role in MDD Symptomatology



Norepinephrine

is linked to alertness and energy as well as attention and interest in life

Serotonin

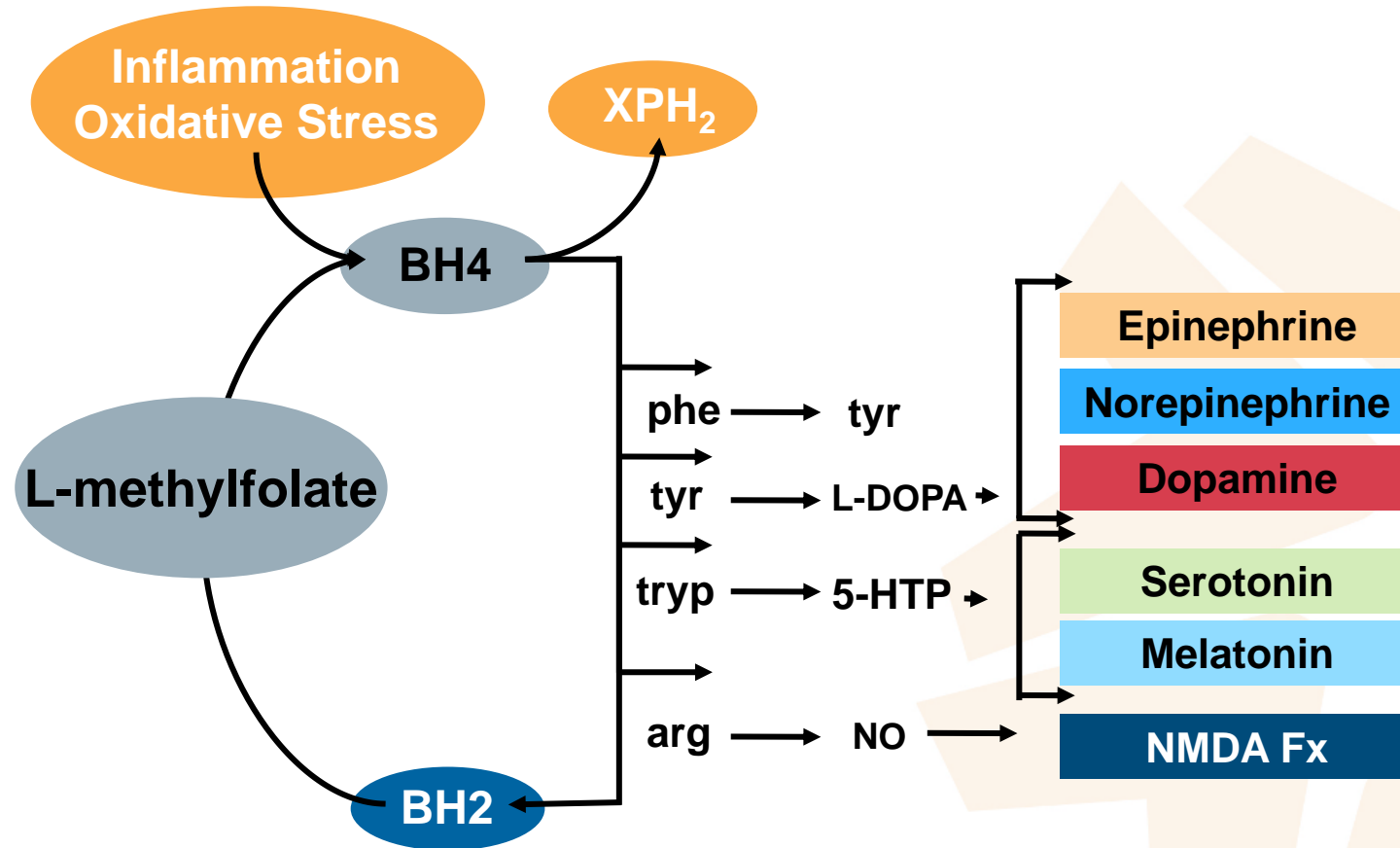
is linked to feelings of obsessions, anxiety, and compulsions

Dopamine

is linked to attention, motivation, pleasure, reward, and interest in life

Although every neurotransmitter is linked to different symptoms of depression, each contributes to mood

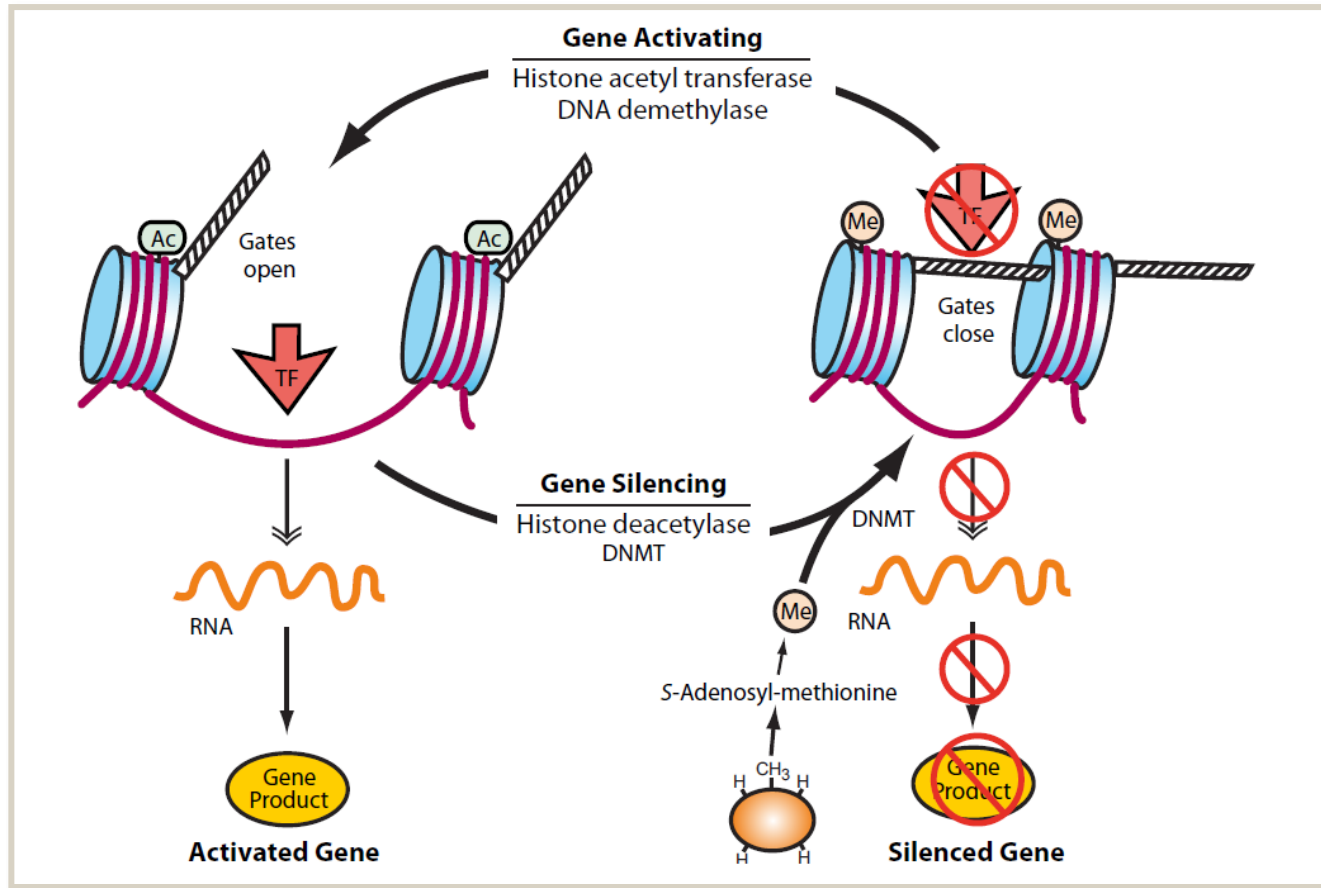
Folate—in the Form of L-methylfolate is Critical in Monoamine Synthesis



5-MTHF = 5-methyltetrahydrofolate; BH₄ = tetrahydrobiopterin; XPH₂ = dihydroxyanthopterin; PAH = phenylalanine hydroxylase; TH = tyrosine hydroxylase; TPH = tryptophan hydroxylase; NOS = nitric oxide synthetase; phe = phenylalanine; tyr = tyrosine; tryp = tryptophan; 5-HTP = 5-hydroxytryptophan; arg = arginine; NO = nitric oxide.

Haroon E, et al. Neuropsychopharmacology. 2012;37(1):137-162. Felger J and Miller A. Front Neuroendocrinol. 2012 August;33(3):315–327. doi:10.1016/j.yfrne.2012.09.003. Reiter R, et al. Int. J. Mol. Sci. 2013,14,7231-7272; doi:10.3390/ijms14047231.

Gene Activation and Silencing – Importance of L-Methylfolate



Risk Factors for Low L-methylfolate

Disease

Diabetes, atrophic gastritis, Crohn's, colitis, renal failure and hypothyroidism

Lifestyle

Excessive alcohol, smoking, and poor nutrition

Aging

L-methylfolate in the brain decreases with age

Genes

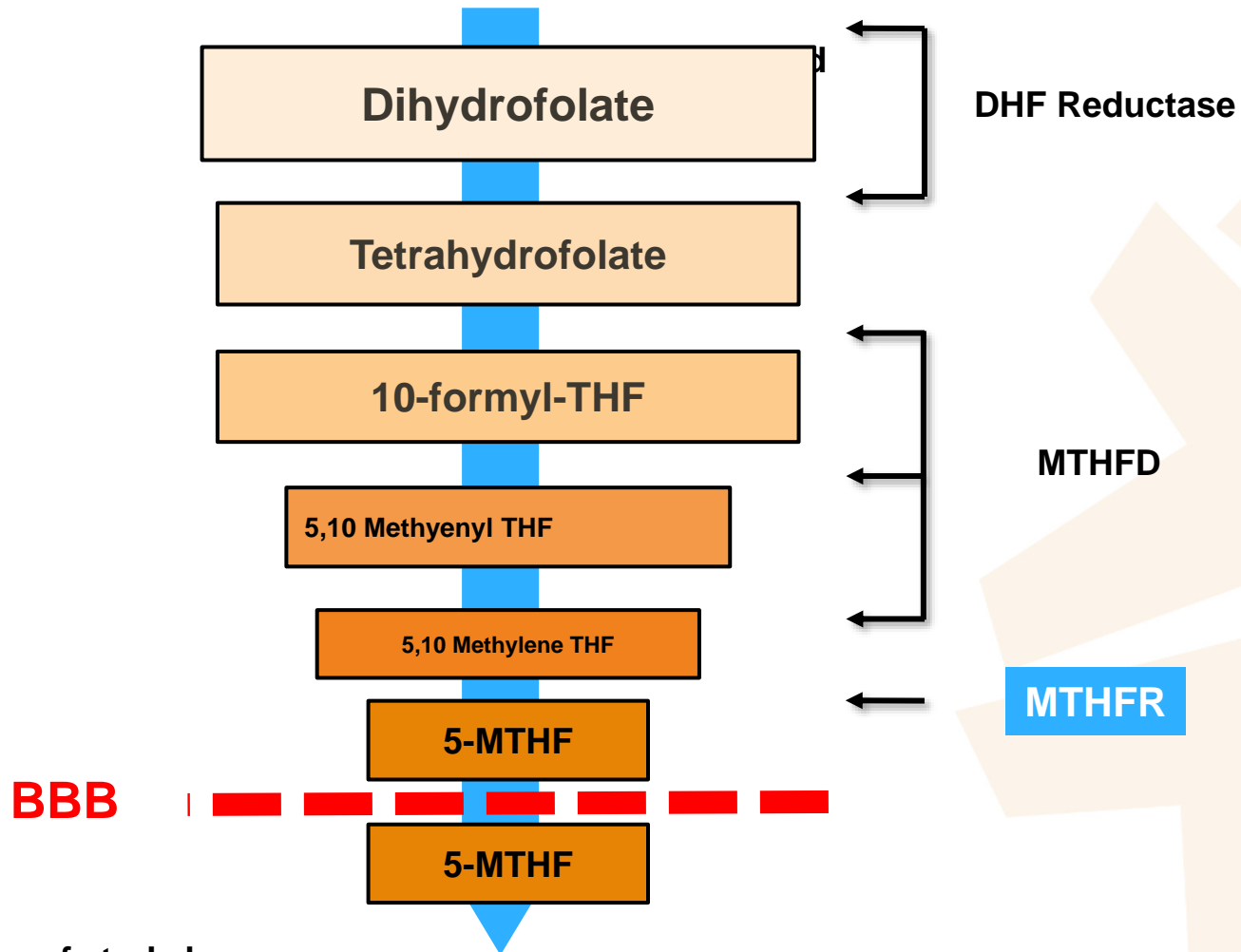
MTHFR CT/TT Polymorphism

Obesity

Body Mass Index (BMI) ≥ 30

Bottiglieri T. 2005. 29:1103-12. Stahl SM. J Clin Psychiatry. 2008; 69(9):1352-53. Sobczyriska-Malefora A et al. Blood Coagula Fibrinolysis. 2009; 20(4):297-302. Amilburu A, et al. J Physiol Biochem. 2201;57(2):71-80. PDR® For Nutritional Supplements, 2001. ISBN: 1-56363-364-7:157-67. Garg R, et al. Am Heart J. 1999;138:1082-7. Bolander-Gouaille C, Bottiglieri T. Homocystiene Related Vitamins and Neuropsychiatric Disorders. France: Springer-Verlag; 2003. Oskooilar N., et al. J Clinincal Psychiatry. 2009. 70(11):1609-10. 9. Mahabir, S et al. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition. 2008;62:644-650.

Folate Metabolism

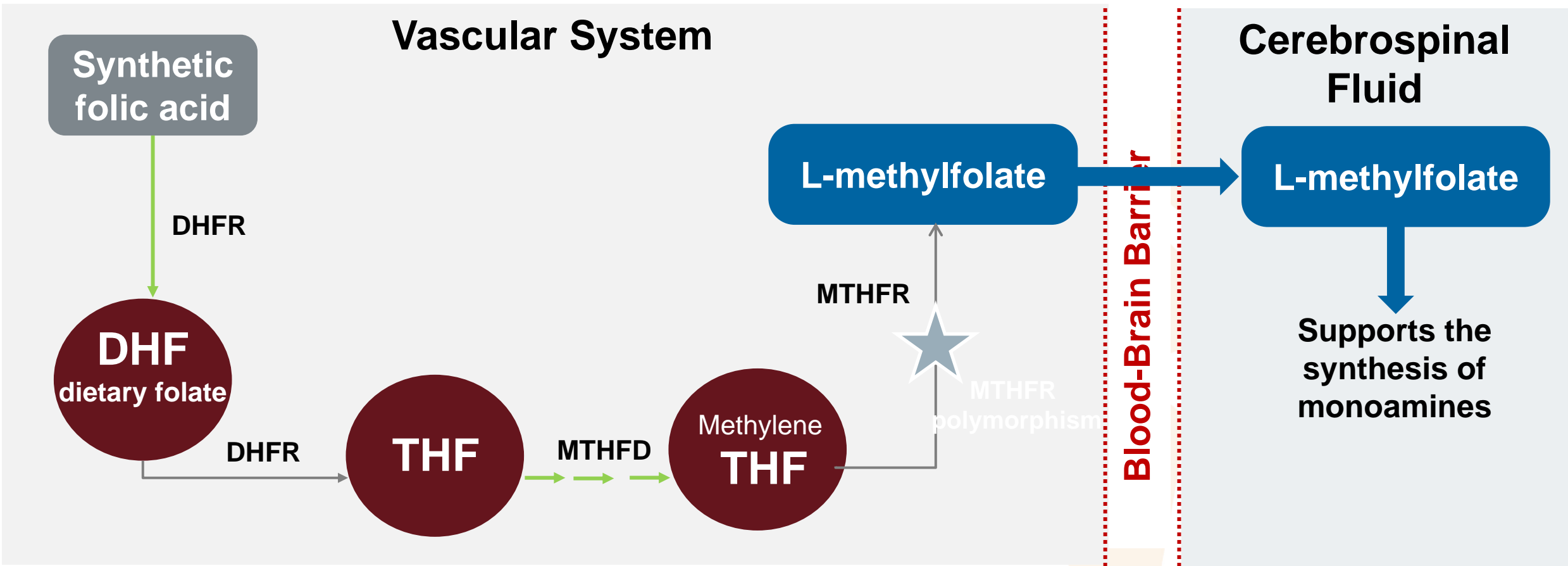


Graphical representation of study by:

Willems FF et al. *Br J Pharmacol.* 2004;141(5):825-30.

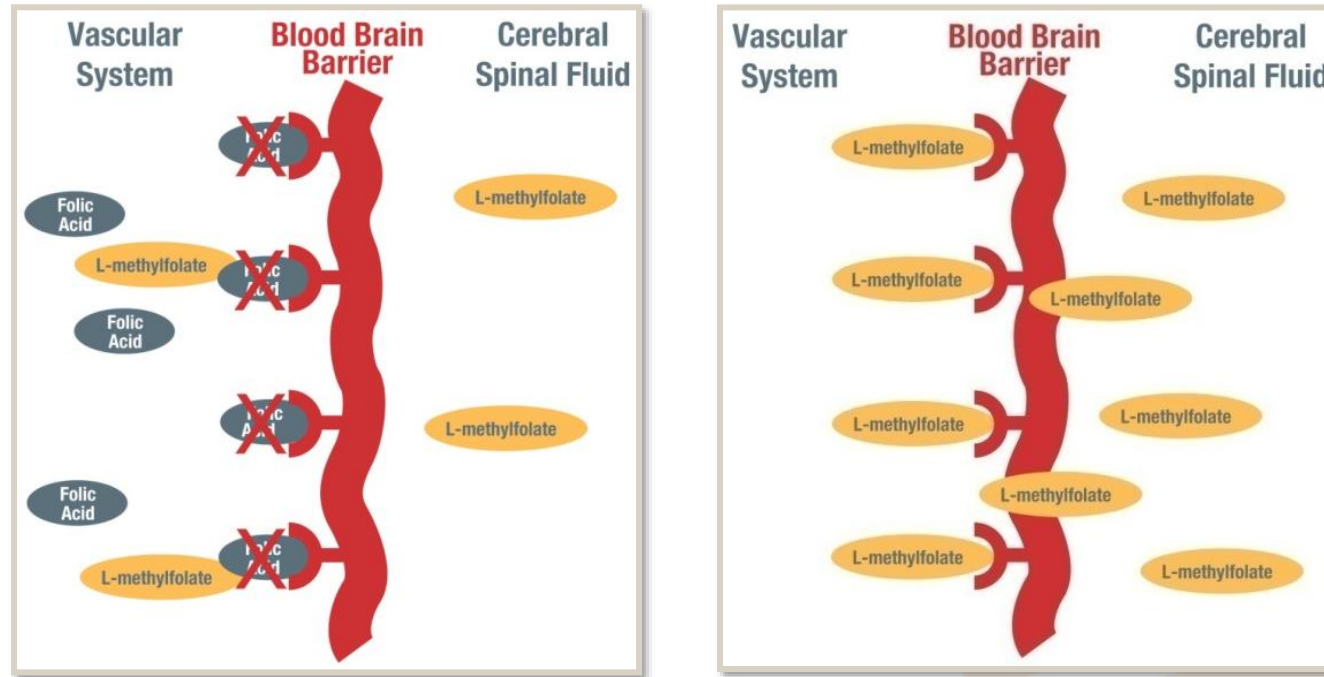
Krajinovic M. *Pharmacogenomics.* 2008; 9(7):829-832.

Folic Acid Metabolism Is a Multistep Enzymatic Process



DHF= dihydrofolate; DHFR= dihydrofolate reductase; MTHFD= 5,10-methylene THF dehydrogenase; THF= tetrahydrofolate
Fava M et al. *J Clin Psychiatry*. 2009;70(suppl 5):12-17

L-methylfolate Crosses the Blood Brain Barrier



Spector R & Lorenzo AV. *Am J Physiol.* 1975;229(3):777-82.
Aisen PS et al. *JAMA.* 2008;300:1774-83.
Smith I et al. *Postgrad Med J.* 1986;62(724):113-23.
Troen AM et al. *J Nutr.* 2006;136:189-94.
Botez MI et al. *Nature.* 1979;278(5700):182-3.
Stahl SM *CNS Spectrums.* 2007;12(10):739-744.

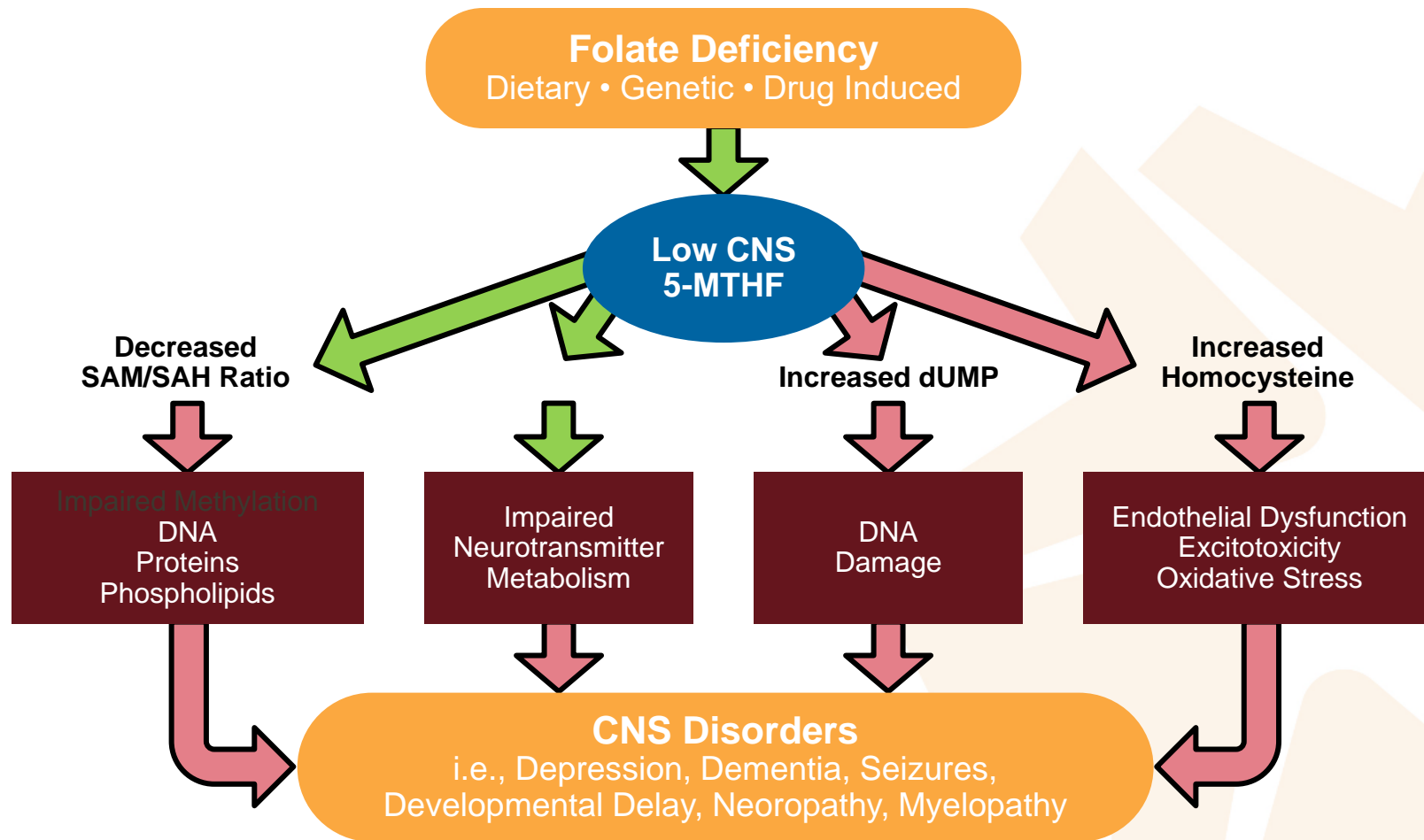
Synthetic folic acid blocks L-methylfolate from crossing the blood brain barrier (BBB).¹

High dose synthetic folic acid has led to an increase in depression,² neurological complications,³ suppression of the immune system⁴ and a decrease in monoamines.⁵

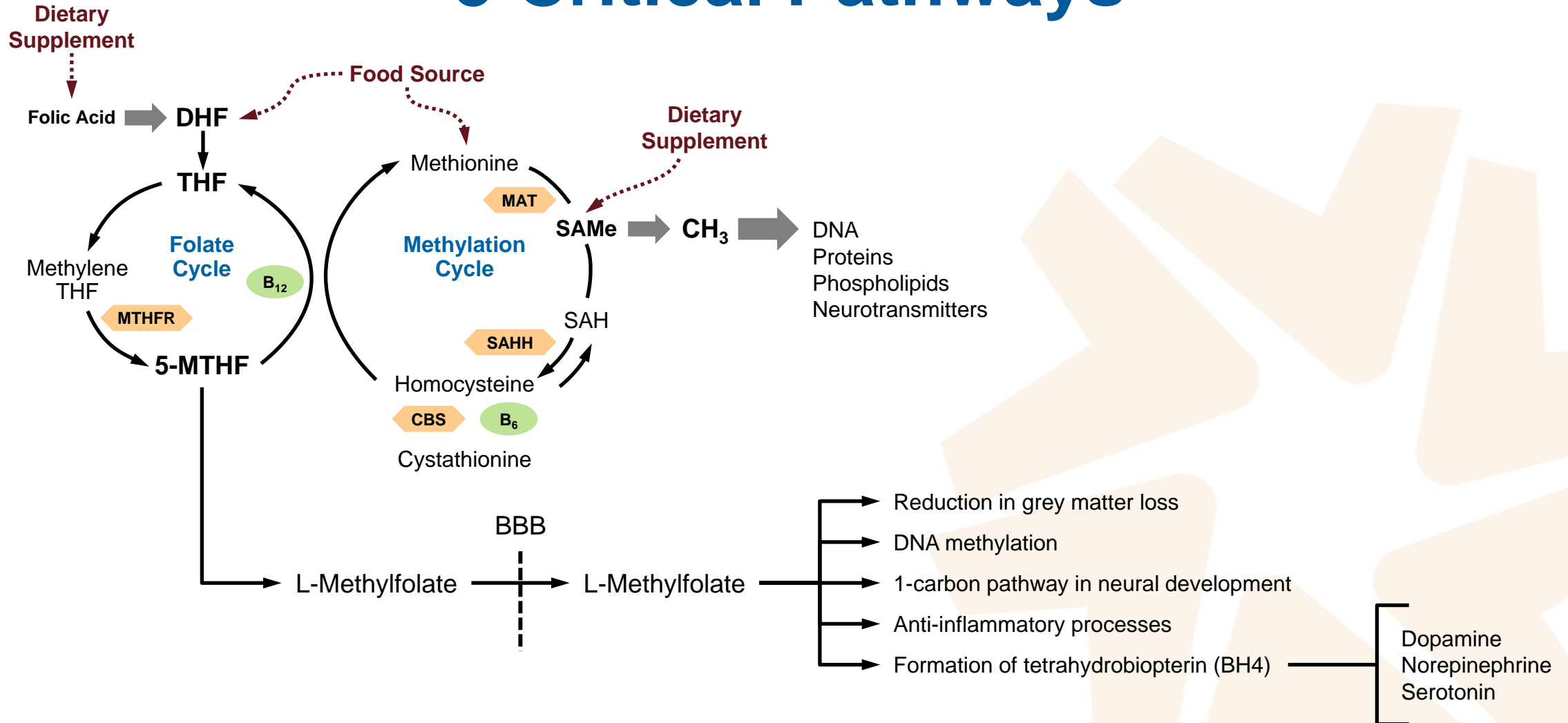
L-methylfolate, in the absence of synthetic folic acid, passes more readily into the CNS¹ to regulate neurotransmitter synthesis in depressed individuals.⁶

Spector R & Lorenzo AV. *Am J Physiol.* 1975;229(3):777-82. Aisen PS et al. *JAMA.* 2008;300:1774-83. Smith I et al. *Postgrad Med J.* 1986;62(724):113-23. Troen AM et al. *J Nutr.* 2006;136:189-94. Botez MI et al. *Nature.* 1979;278(5700):182-3. Stahl SM *CNS Spectrums.* 2007;12(10):739-744.

Consequences of Folate Deficiency Impact Both Brain and Body

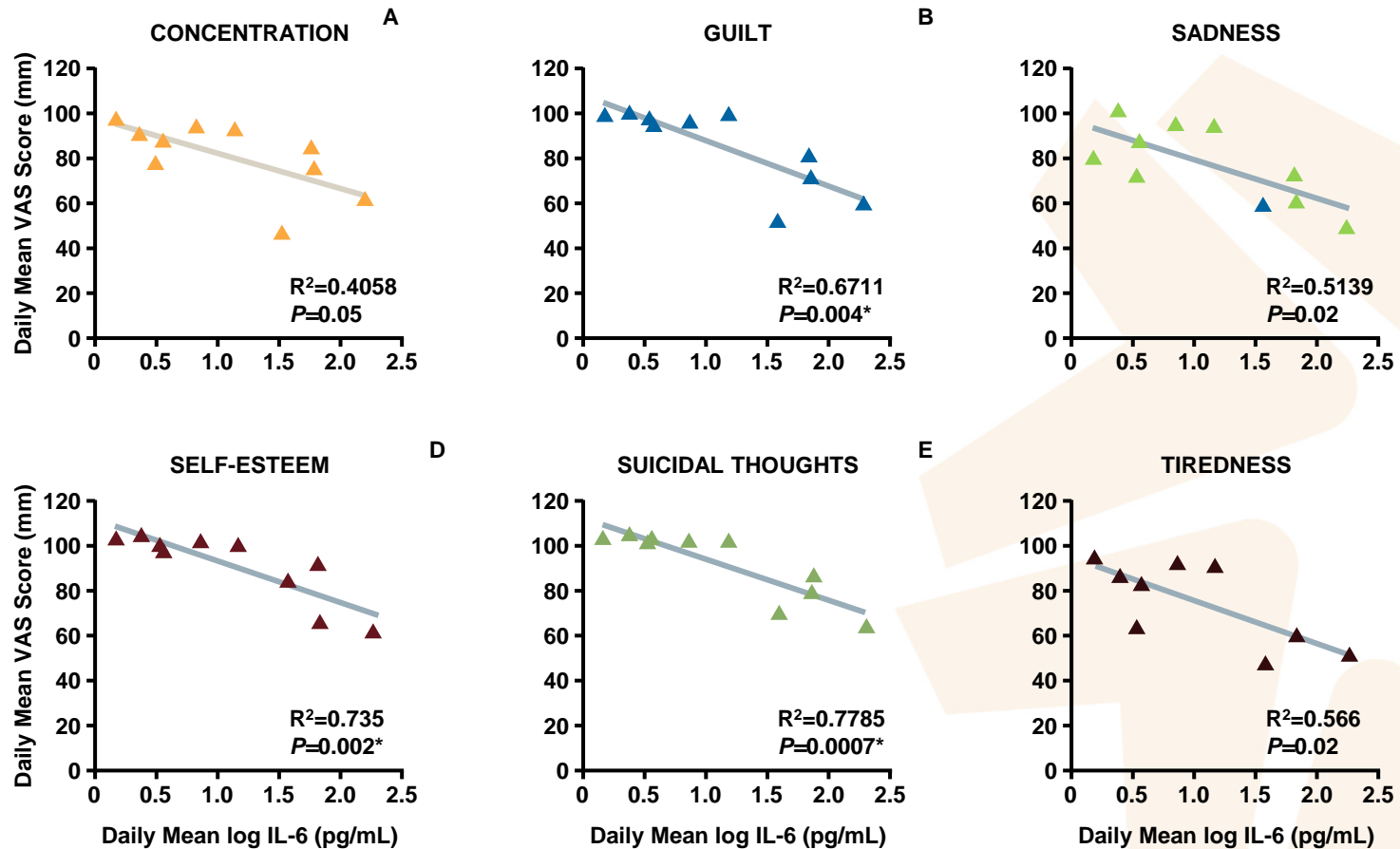


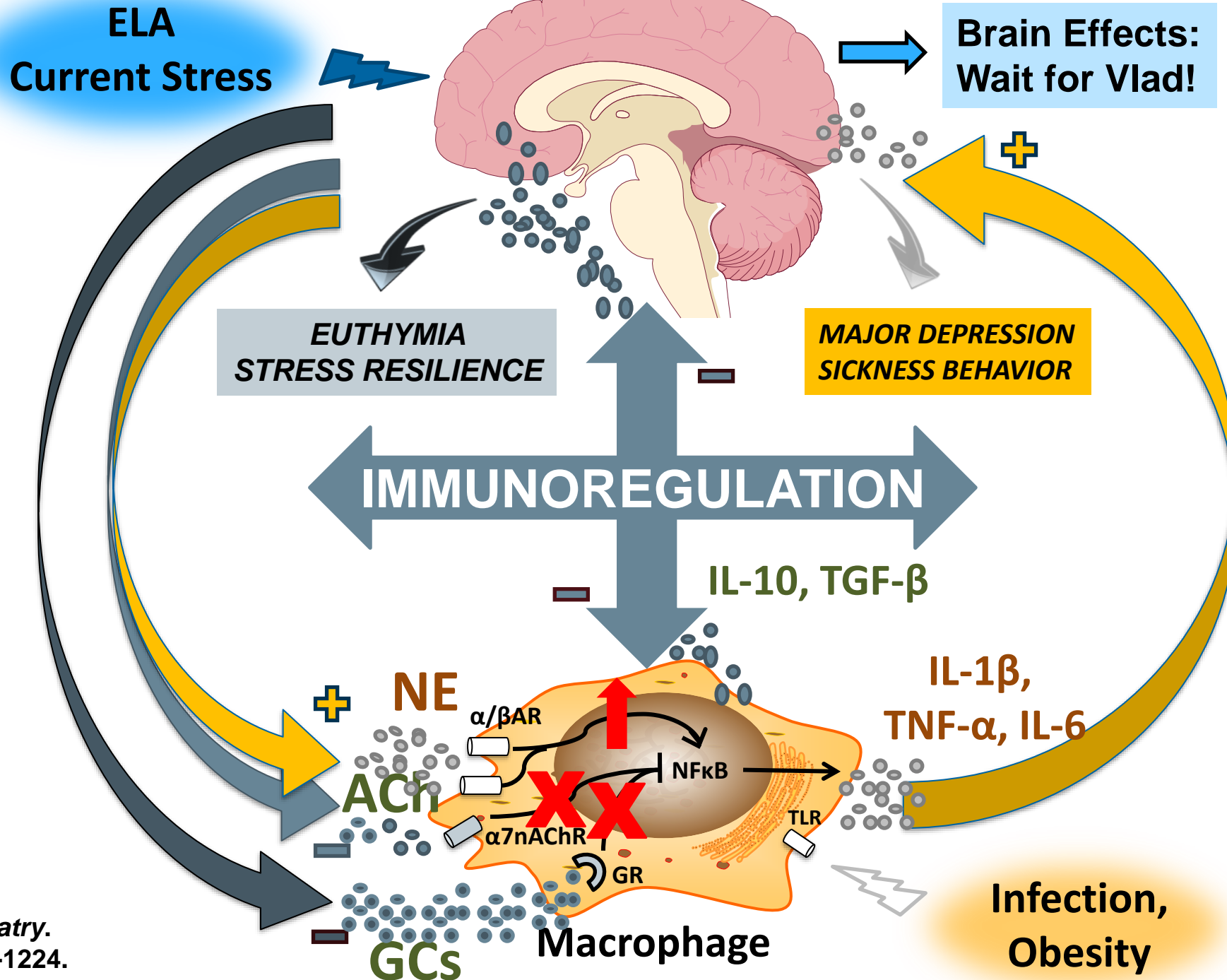
The Critical Role of L-methylfolate in 5 Critical Pathways



Inflammatory Markers Predict Symptom Severity in Depression

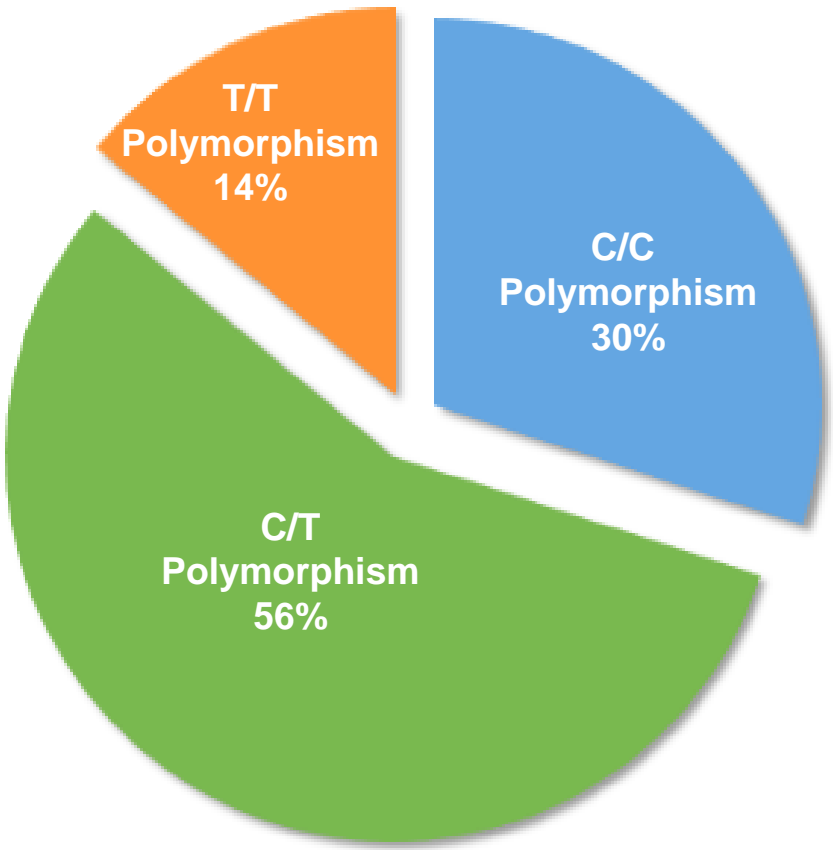
Comparison of 9 MDD Patients With 9 Matched Healthy Controls





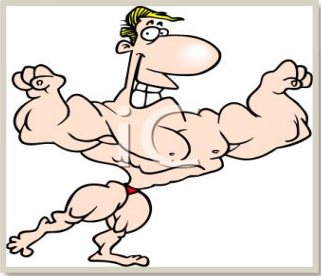
Raison CL et al.
Arch Gen Psychiatry.
 2010;67(12):1211-1224.

Up to 70% of MDD Patients Have a Genetic Mutation Reducing Conversion Folic Acid to L-methylfolate



DECREASING 5-MTHF

C/C



C/T

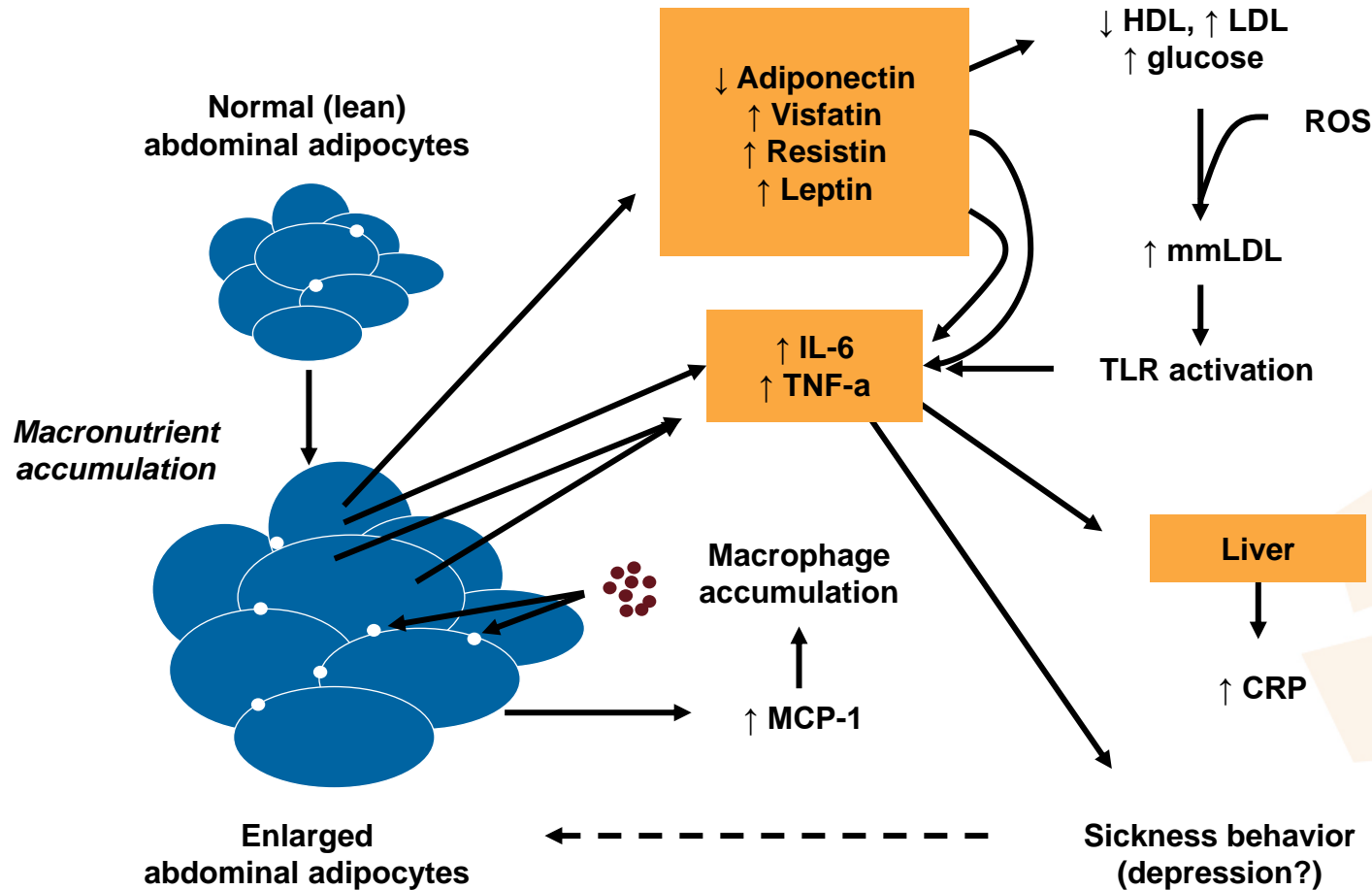


T/T



Kelly CB et al. *J Psychopharmacol.* 2004;18(4):567-71.
Bottiglieri T et al. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry.* 2000;69:228-32.
Surtees R, Heales S, & Bowron. *Clinical Science.* 1994;86:697-702

Adiposity, Inflammation, and Depression



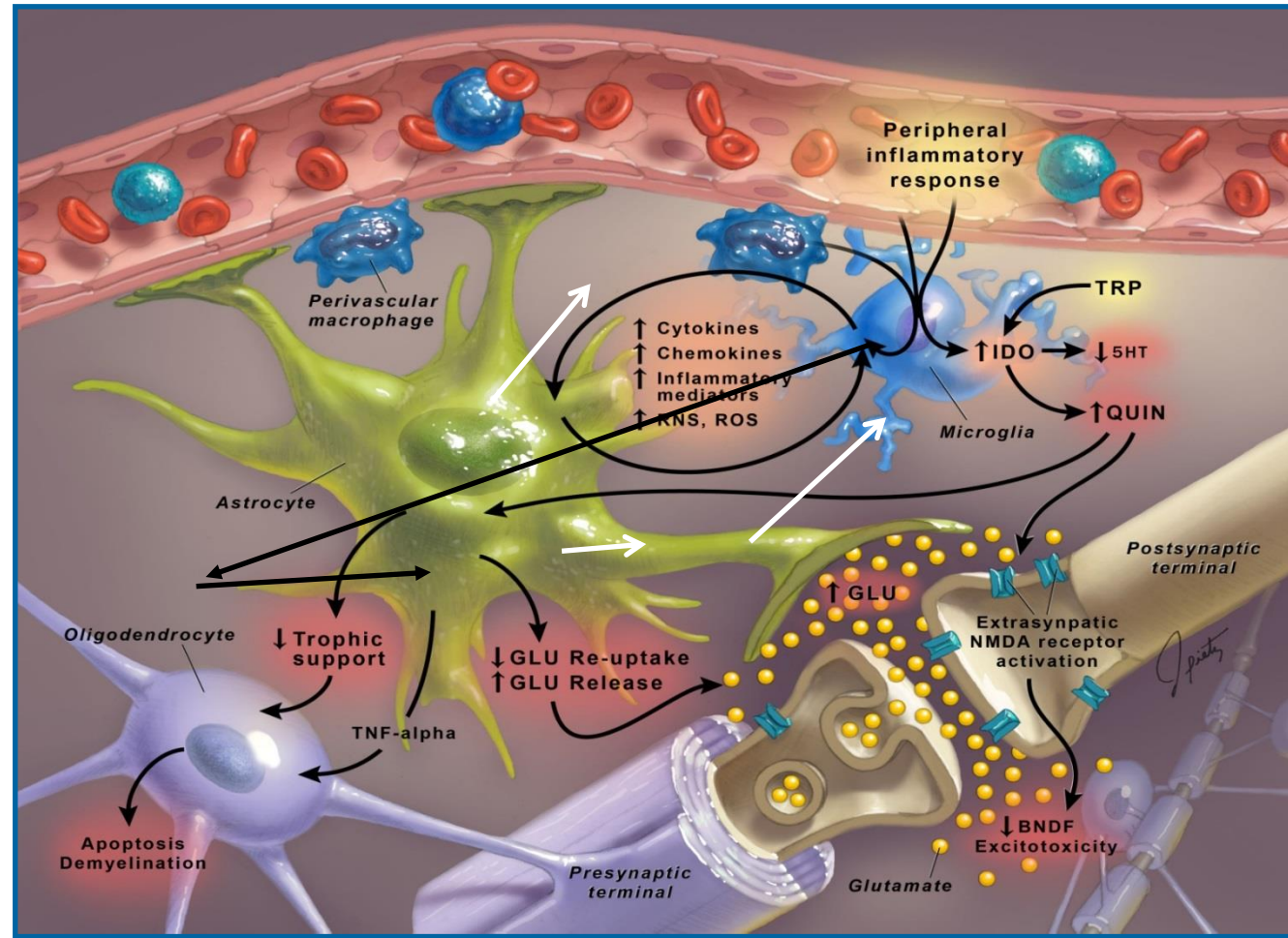
High caloric intake in the diet leads to increased accumulations

of lipids in adipocytes.

Increased lipid content results in an increased release of MCP-1 (CCL2), a chemoattractant that increases the infiltration of macrophages into adipose tissue.

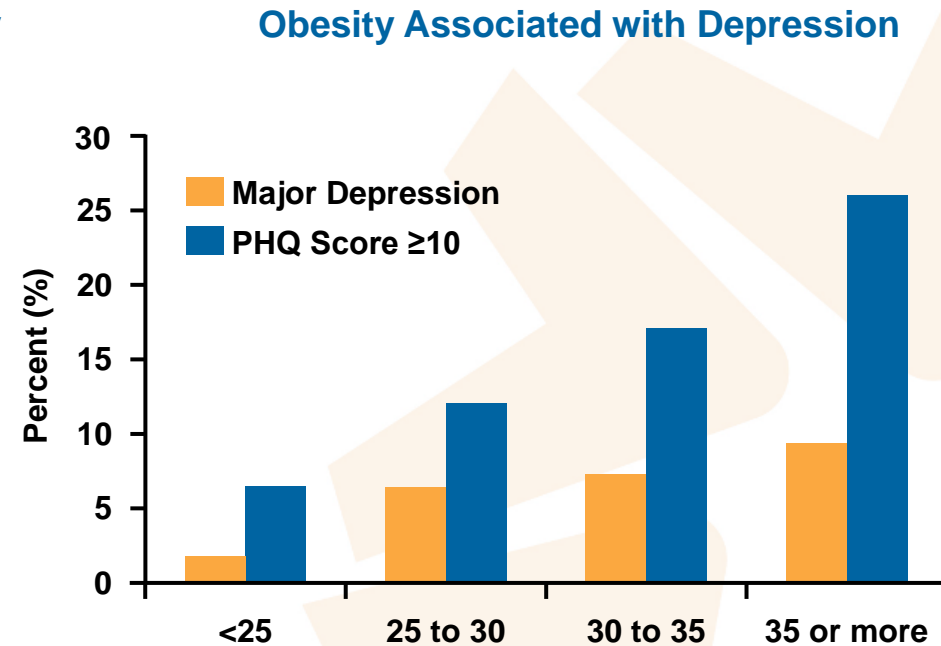
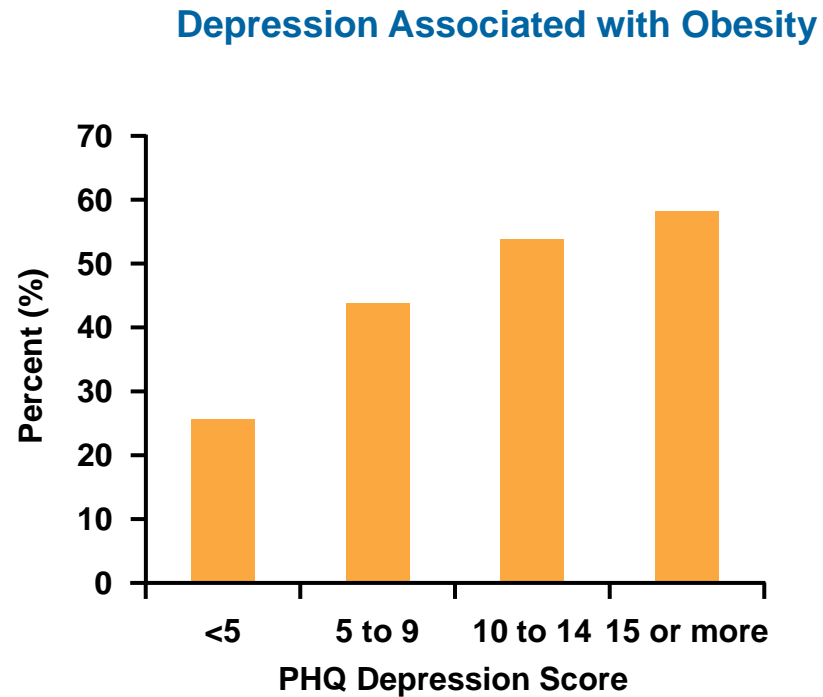
Both adipocytes and macrophages release inflammatory mediators such as IL-6 and TNF- α into the peripheral circulation.

Glia–Microglia-Neuron Interactions: Role of Neuro-inflammation in Major Depression



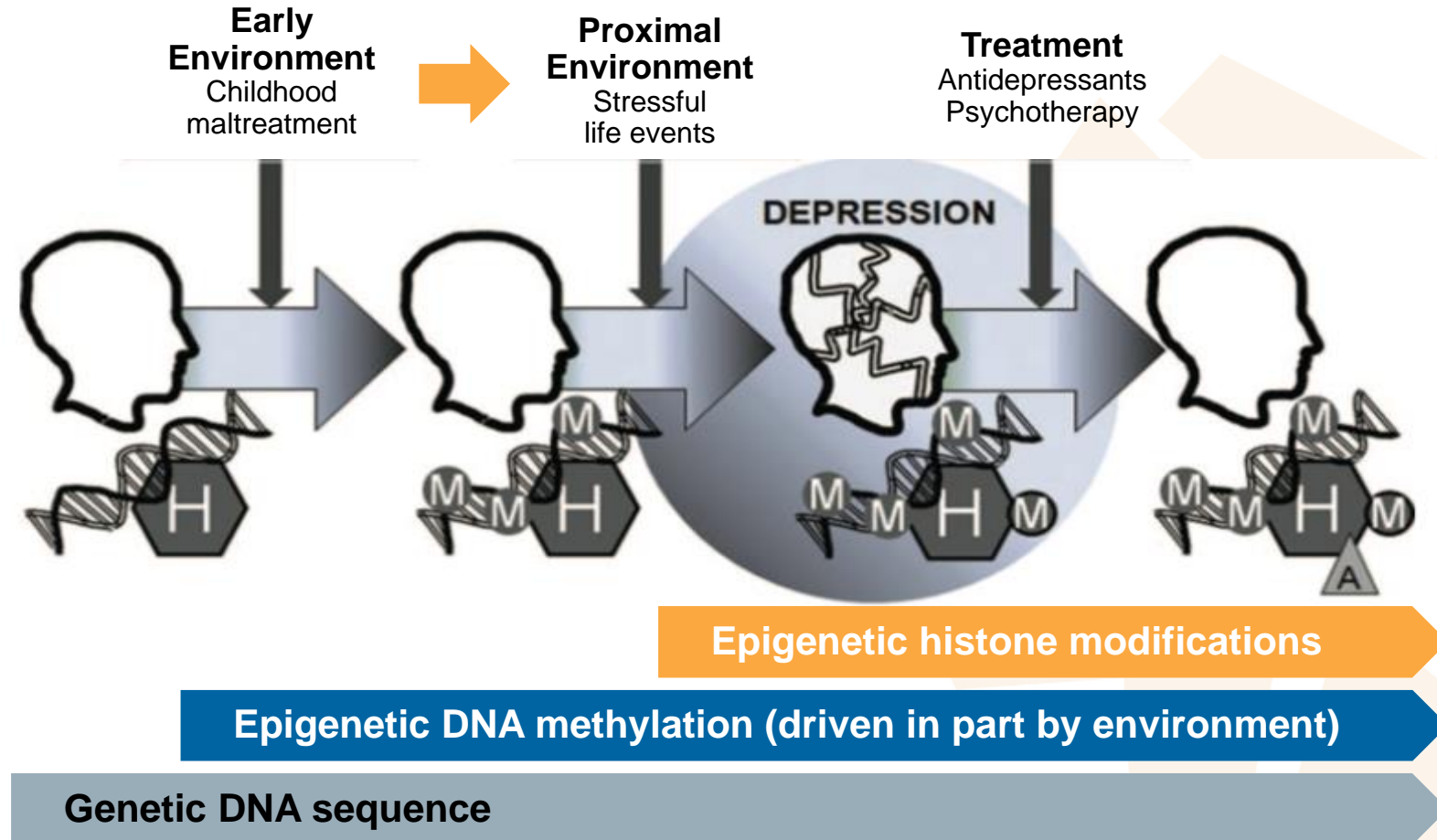
Miller AH, et al. *Biol Psychiatry*. 2009;65(9):732-741. Rocha SM, et al. *Neurobiol Dis*. 2012;47(3):407-415. Boscia F, et al. *PLoS One*. 2009;4(8):e6486. Lee M, et al. *Glia*. 2011;59(1):152-165.

Deleterious Bidirectional Association Between Obesity and Depression

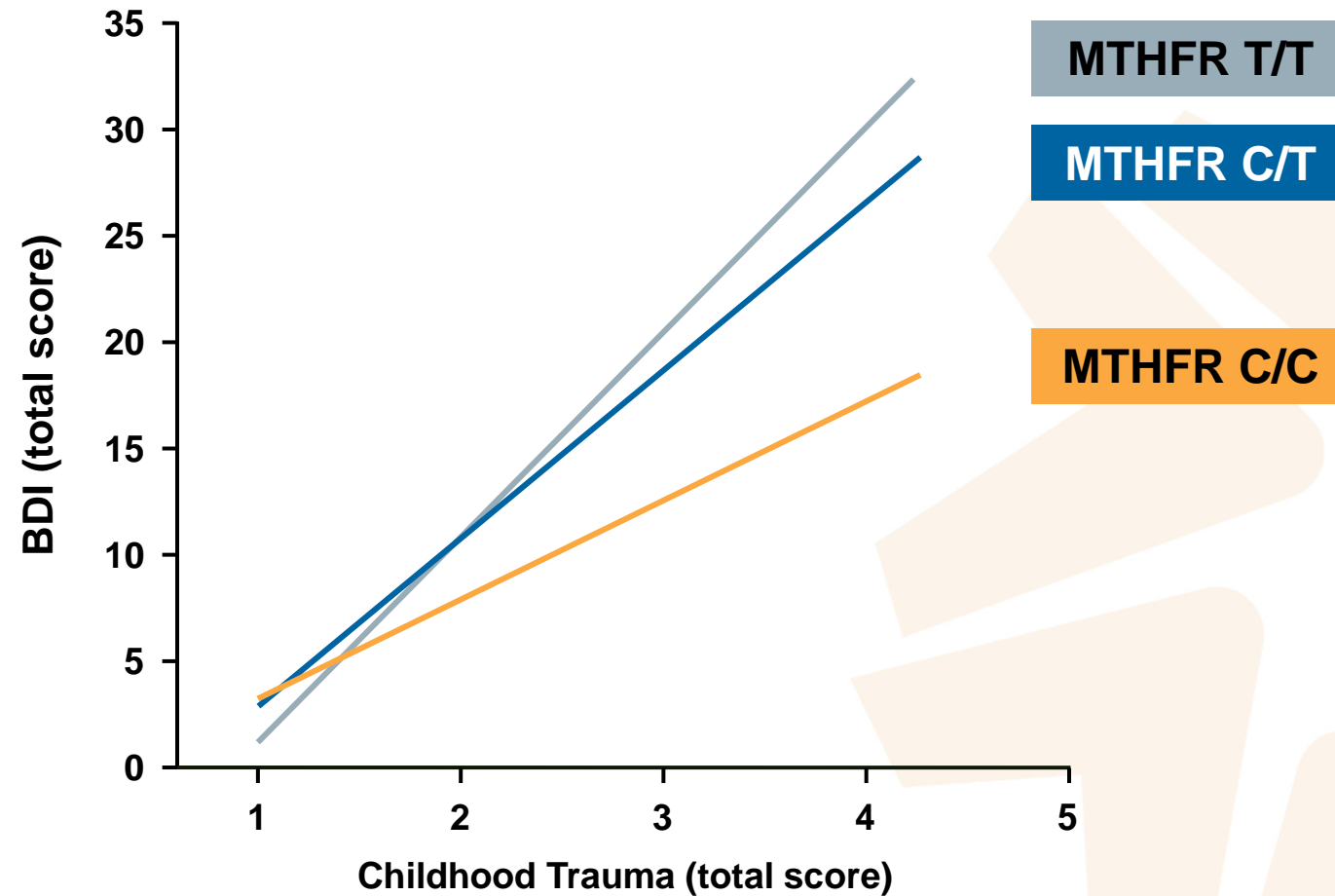


BMI = body mass index; PHQ = Patient Health Questionnaire.

Interaction of Genetics, Epigenetics and Environment in MDD



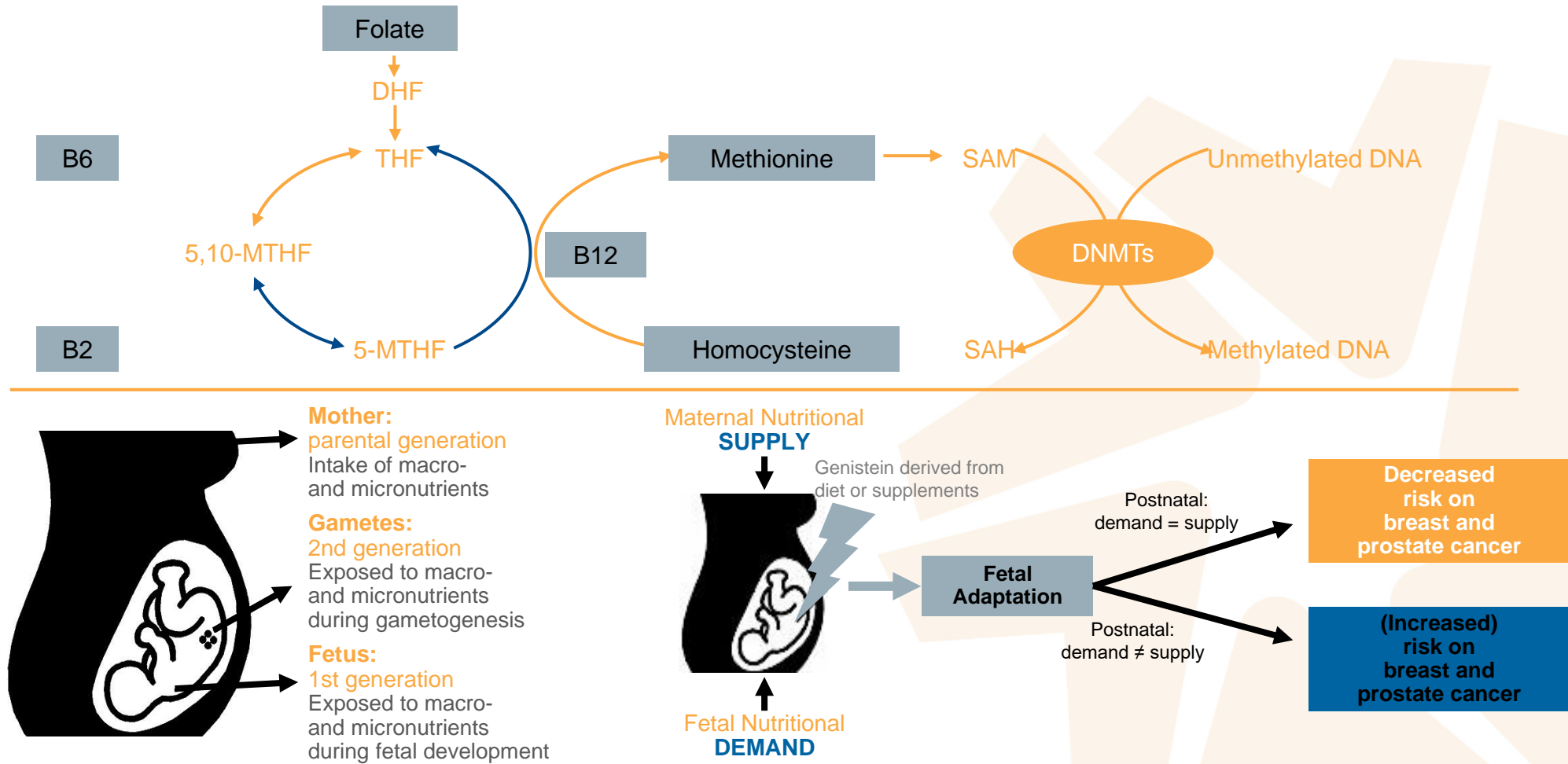
Environmental Conditions Can Enhance or Expose Depressogenic Potential of Genes



$P = .0027$.

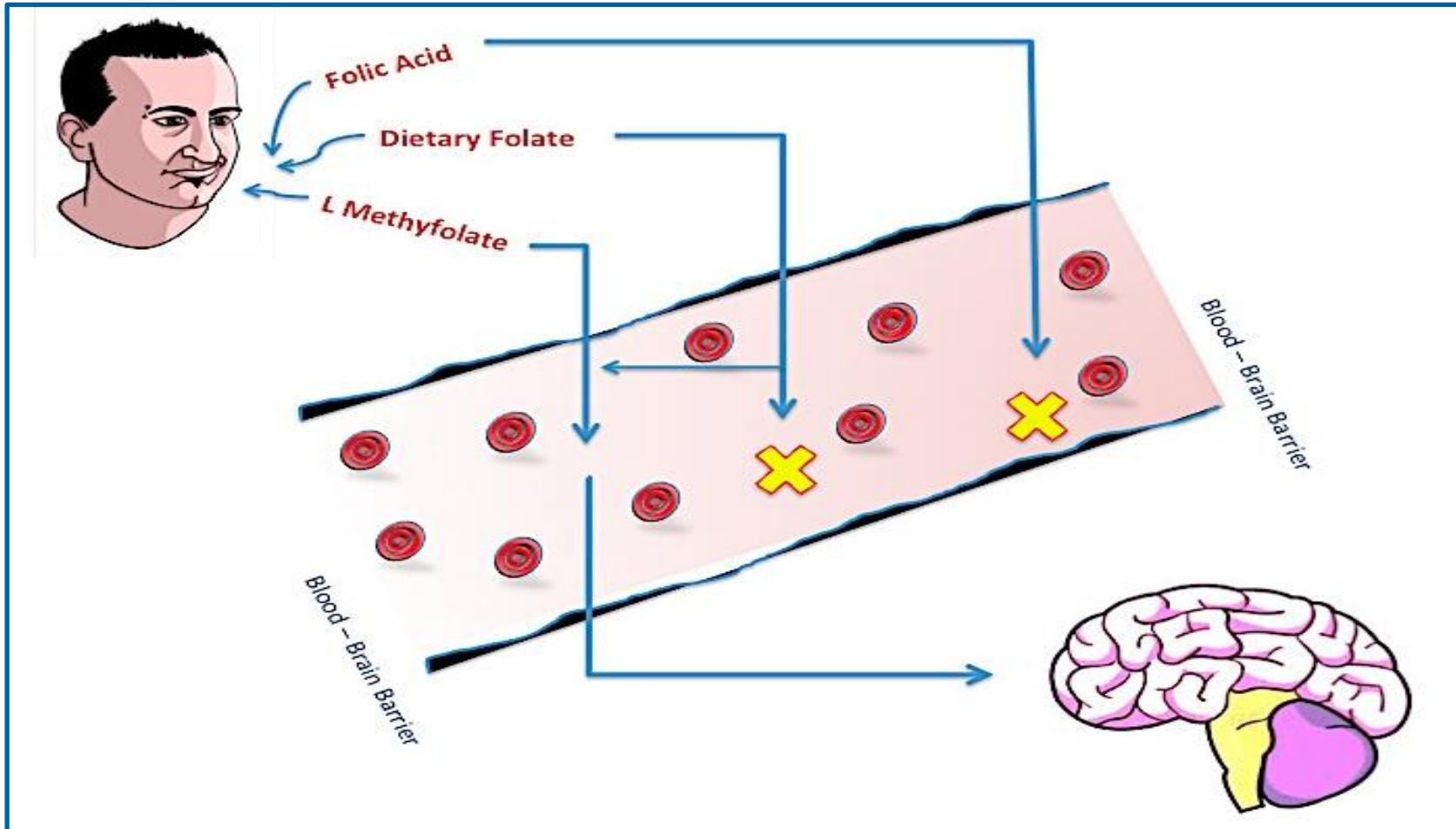
BDI = Beck Depression Inventory; MTHFR = methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase.

Methylation of DNA Occurs via the Folate Pathway – Implications for Epigenetics



Understanding Blood Brain Barrier And Folate Issues

The only active folate that crosses the blood brain barrier is L-methylfolate



L-METHYLFOLATE

Gustavo Alva, MD, DFAPA

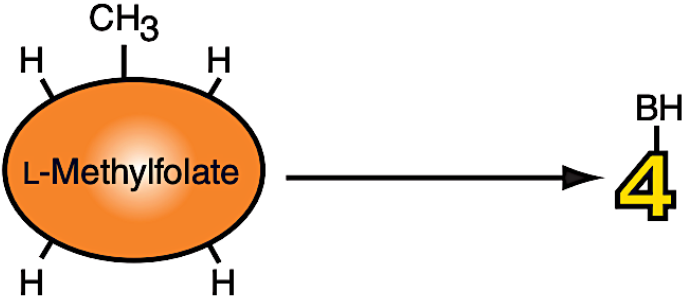
Medical Director,
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Assistant Professor,

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Riverside Private Practice Psychiatrist, Pacific Neuropsychiatric Specialists
Costa Mesa, California

LMF Augmentation: Conceptually, It's an Intriguing Augmentation Agent with SSRIs/SNRIs

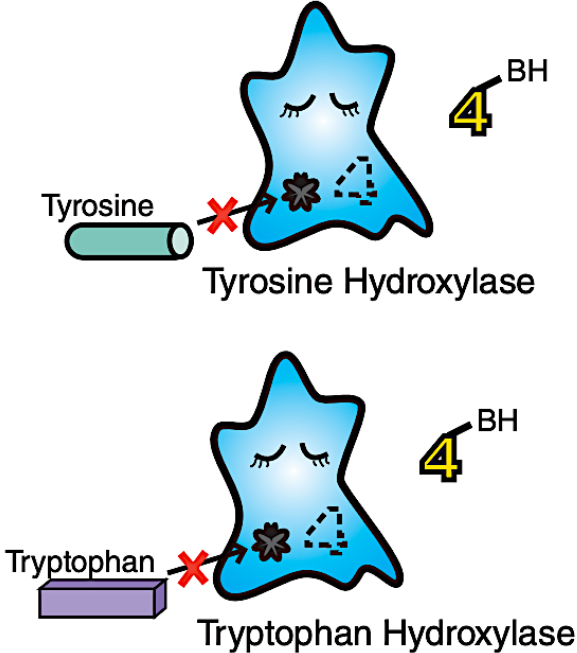
A.

L-Methylfolate Assists in the Formation of Tetrahydrobiopterin (BH4)



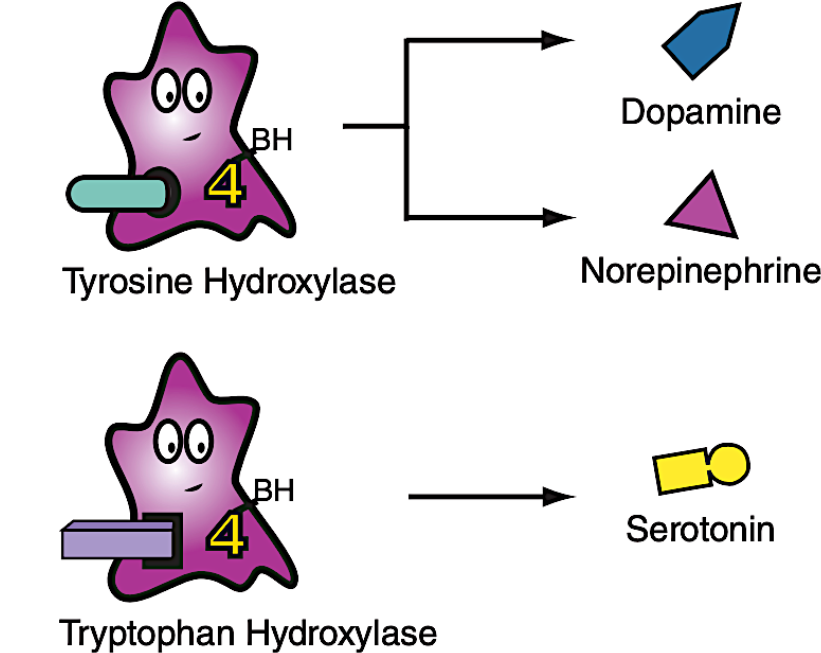
B.

Tyrosine Hydroxylase and Tryptophan Hydroxylase Are Inactive in the Absence of BH4



C.

BH4 Activates the 2 Enzymes to Synthesize the 3 Monoamines



Overview of LMF Clinical Trials in MDD

Study	Design	Patients	Treatment Arms	Primary Endpoint
Trial 1 ¹	Multicenter, randomized, double-blind, sequential parallel (two 30-day phases) trial in SSRI-resistant MDD	N=148; ≥12 QIDS-SR, tx with SSRI ≥8 weeks (stable for ≥4 weeks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PBO → PBO • PBO → 7.5 mg • 7.5 mg → 15 mg 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improvement in HAM-D17 • Response^a rates according to HAM-D17
Trial 2 ¹	Multicenter, randomized, double-blind, sequential parallel (two 30-day phases) trial in SSRI-resistant MDD	N=75; ≥12 QIDS-SR, tx with SSRI ≥8 weeks (stable for ≥4 weeks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PBO → PBO • PBO → 15 mg • 15 mg → 15 mg 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improvement in HAM-D17 • Response^a rates according to HAM-D17
Post hoc analyses ^{2,3}	Exploratory analyses evaluating effects of biological, inflammatory, and/or genetic markers on treatment response	N=74	—	Effect of biomarkers on response to HAM-D28
Open-label extension ⁴	12-month, open-label, extension trial of Trials 1 and 2	N=68	15 mg	Reduction in HAM-D17 score at 12 months
Real-world study ⁵	Retrospective cohort study evaluating patients previously prescribed DEPLIN®	N=502	7.5 mg or 15 mg	Reduction in PHQ-9 from baseline

1. Papakostas GI et al. *Am J Psychiatry*. 2012;169(12):1267-1274. 2. Papakostas GI et al. *J Clin Psychiatry*. 2014;75(8):855-863. 3. Shelton RC et al. *J Clin Psychiatry*. 2015;76(12):1635-1641. 4. Zajecka JM et al. *J Clin Psychiatry*. 2016;77(5):654-660. 5. Shelton RC et al. *Prim Care Companion CNS Disord*. 2013;15(4):doi:10.4088/PCC.13m01520.

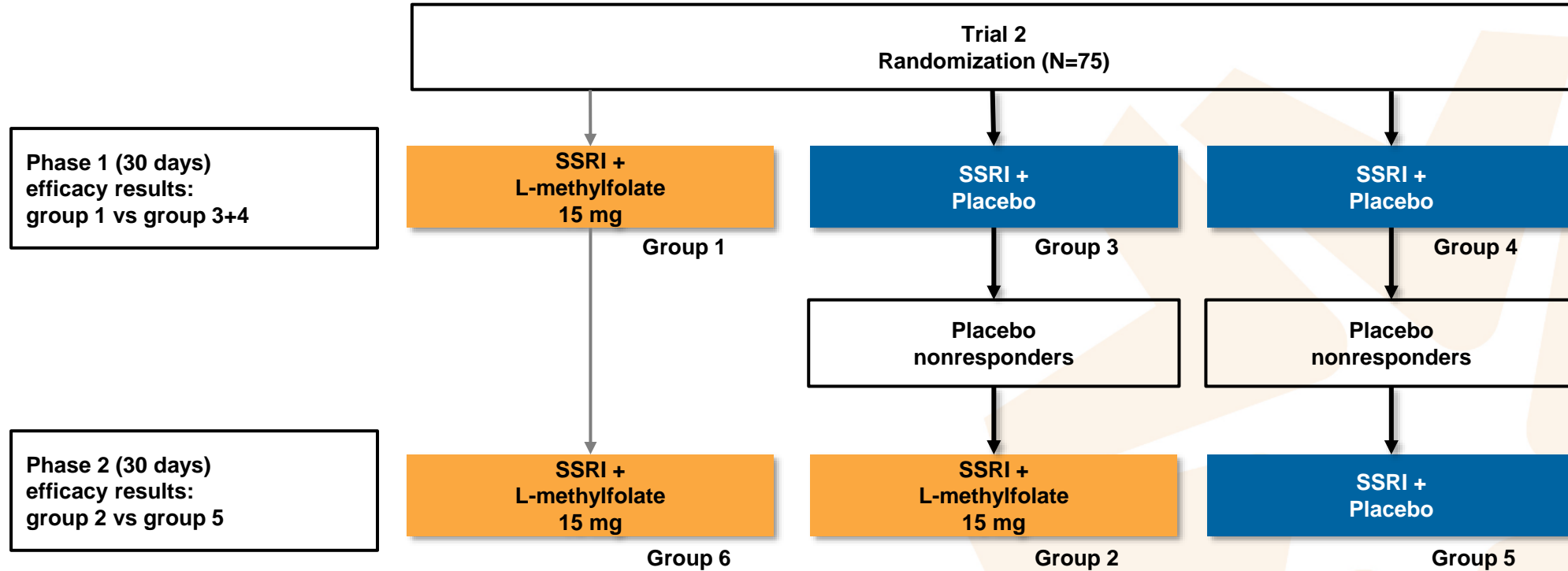
Two High Quality Studies Examined LMF in MDD

Patient Selection

- Adults aged 18-65 years and meeting DSM-IV criteria for a current episode of MDD
- QIDS-SR ≥ 12 at screening and baseline visits
- SSRI given current episode for ≥ 8 weeks at adequate doses
- Must have been on a stable SSRI dose for the past 4 weeks
- Excluded if failed >2 adequate antidepressant trials during current episode
- Study Design
 - Multi-center, randomized, double-blind study
 - Two 30-day treatment phases using a sequential parallel comparison design (SPCD)
 - Markers were evaluated as moderators of L-methylfolate response on HDRS-28 :
 - Plasma L-methylfolate levels $>$ or $<$ the median for the study population
 - Plasma Hcy levels $>$ or $<$ the median for the study population
 - BMI ≥ 30 kg/m² or < 30 kg/m²
 - SAM/SAH ratio (methylation)
 - CRP (inflammation)
 - 4HNE (oxidative stress)
 - Whole blood MTHFR C677T and MTR A2756G genotypes

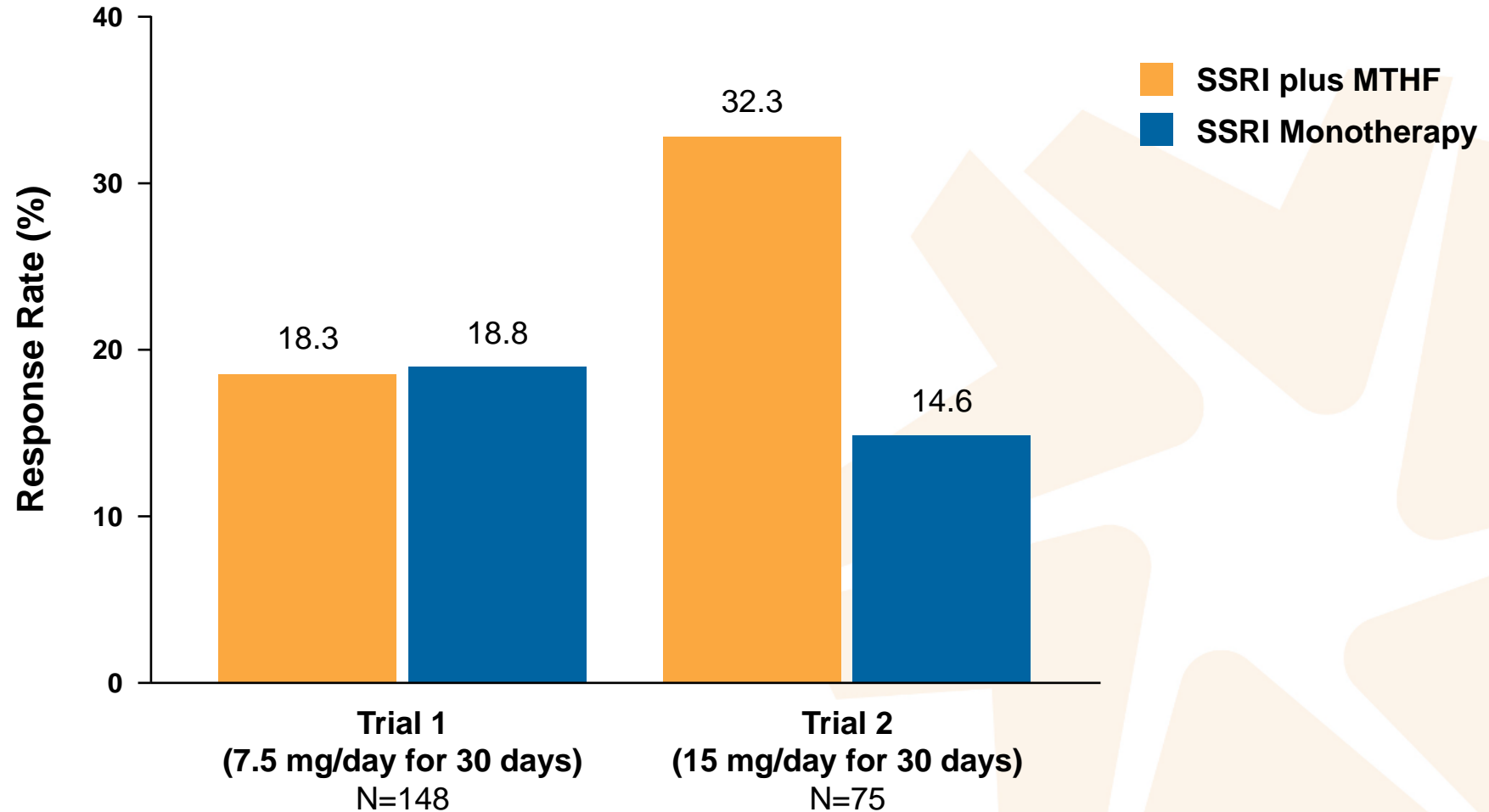
Sequential Parallel Comparison Design

Trial 2: Adjunctive 15 mg L-methylfolate

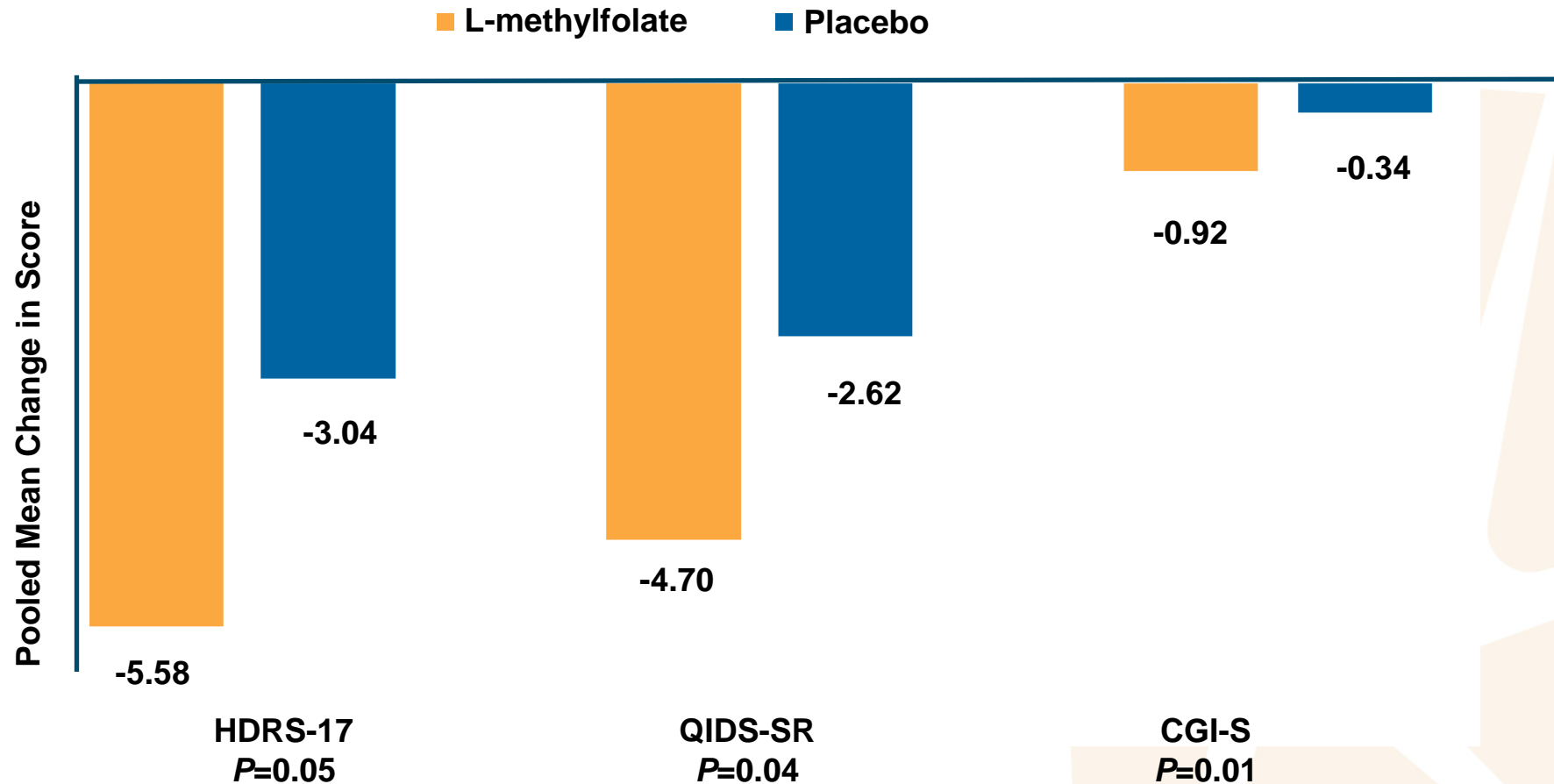


Pooled (combined and averaged) efficacy results: 30-day results from groups 1+2 vs 30-day results from groups 3+4+5. Group 6 not included in efficacy results analyses. SSRI doses remained constant.

LMF and Treatment Resistant Depression TRD: Results from Two Well Conducted Trials



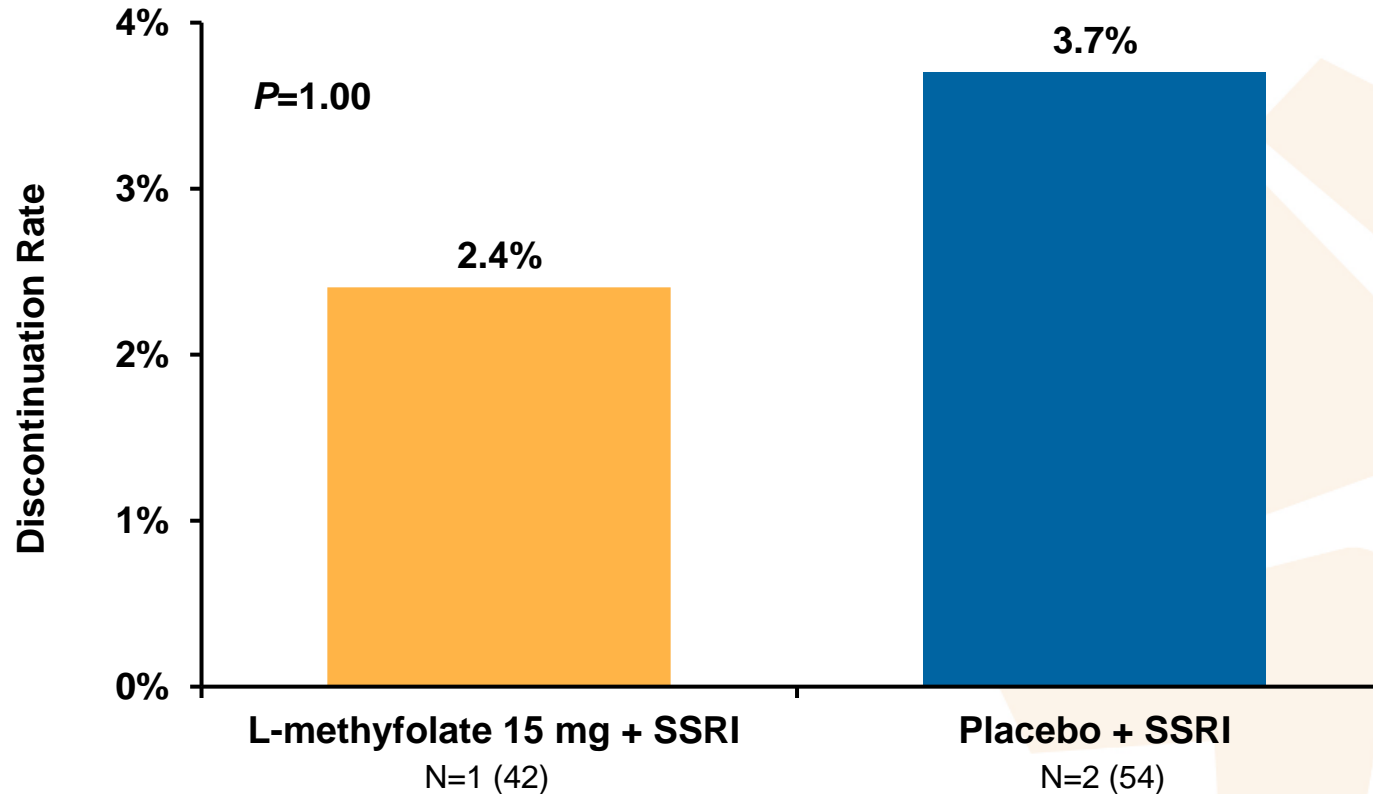
Adjunctive 15 mg L-methylfolate Pooled Mean Score Reduction – 30 Days



HDRS = Hamilton Depressive Rate Scale.
QIDS = Quick Inventory of Depressive Symptomatology.
CGI = Clinical Global Impression.
Papakostas G, et al. *Am J Psychiatry*. 2012;69(12):267-1274.

Adjunctive 15 mg L-methylfolate Tolerability

No Difference in Discontinuation
Due to Adverse Events



n=75: Phase I & 2 L-methylfolate 19; Placebo Phase 1=28; Placebo Phase 2=28

L-methylfolate Adverse Event

Adverse Event	Placebo ^a (n=54)	L-methylfolate 15 mg/day ^a (n=42)
Gastrointestinal	8 (14.8)	7 (16.7)
Sleep	3 (5.5)	1 (2.4)
Psychological	9 (16.7)	4 (9.5)
Somatic	16 (29.6)	6 (14.3)
Infectious	7 (13.0)	5 (11.9)
Cardiovascular	0 (0)	0 (0)
Sexual	0 (0)	1 (2.4)
Miscellaneous	5 (9.3)	1 (2.4)

Data are n (%)

^a Ns are based on the total numbers of patients who received placebo or 15 mg of L-methylfolate, respectively, at some point during the trial.

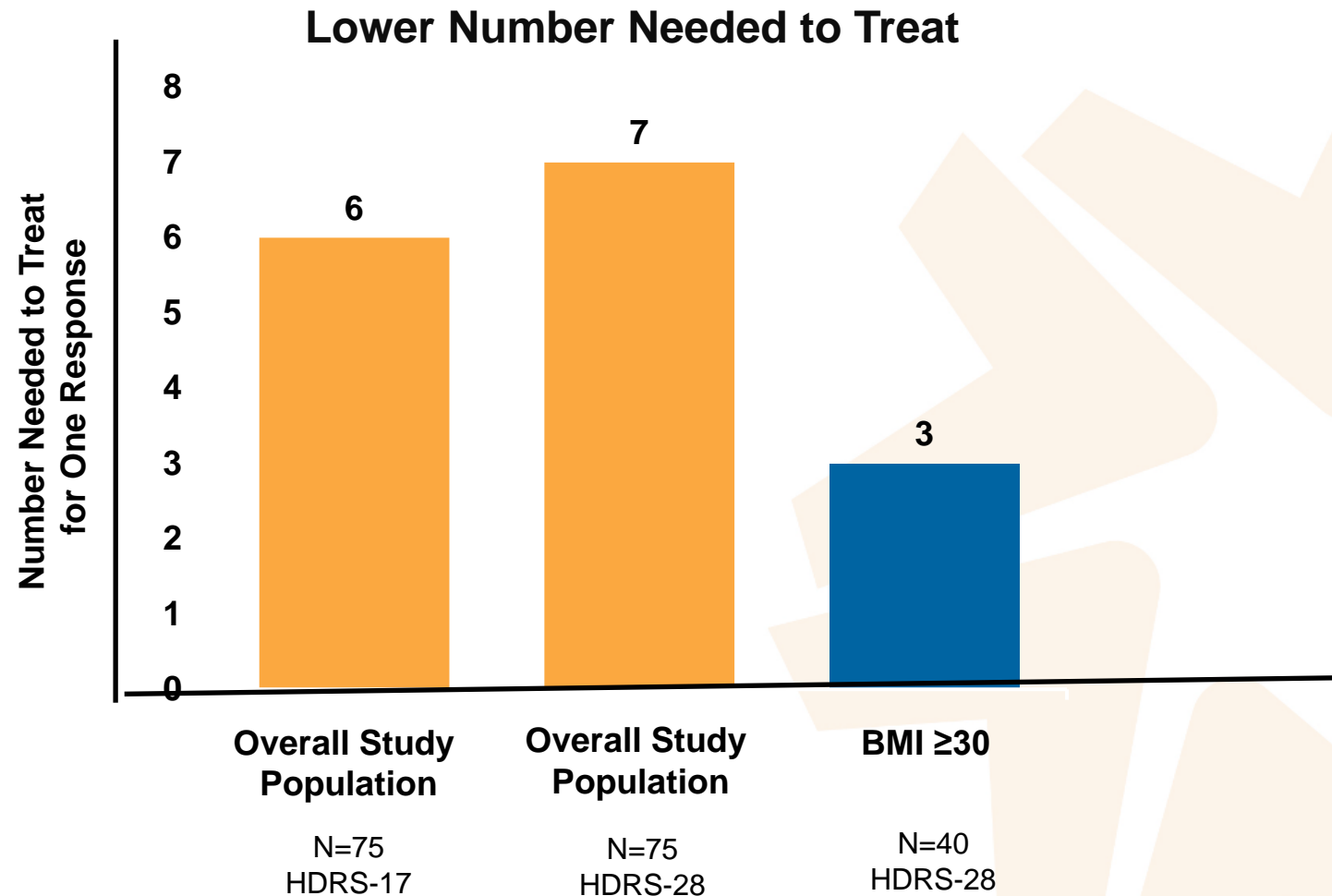
Jain R, et al. Good, better, best: clinical scenarios for the use of L-methylfolate in patients with MDD. *CNS Spectrums*.

<https://doi.org/10.1017/S1092852919001469>

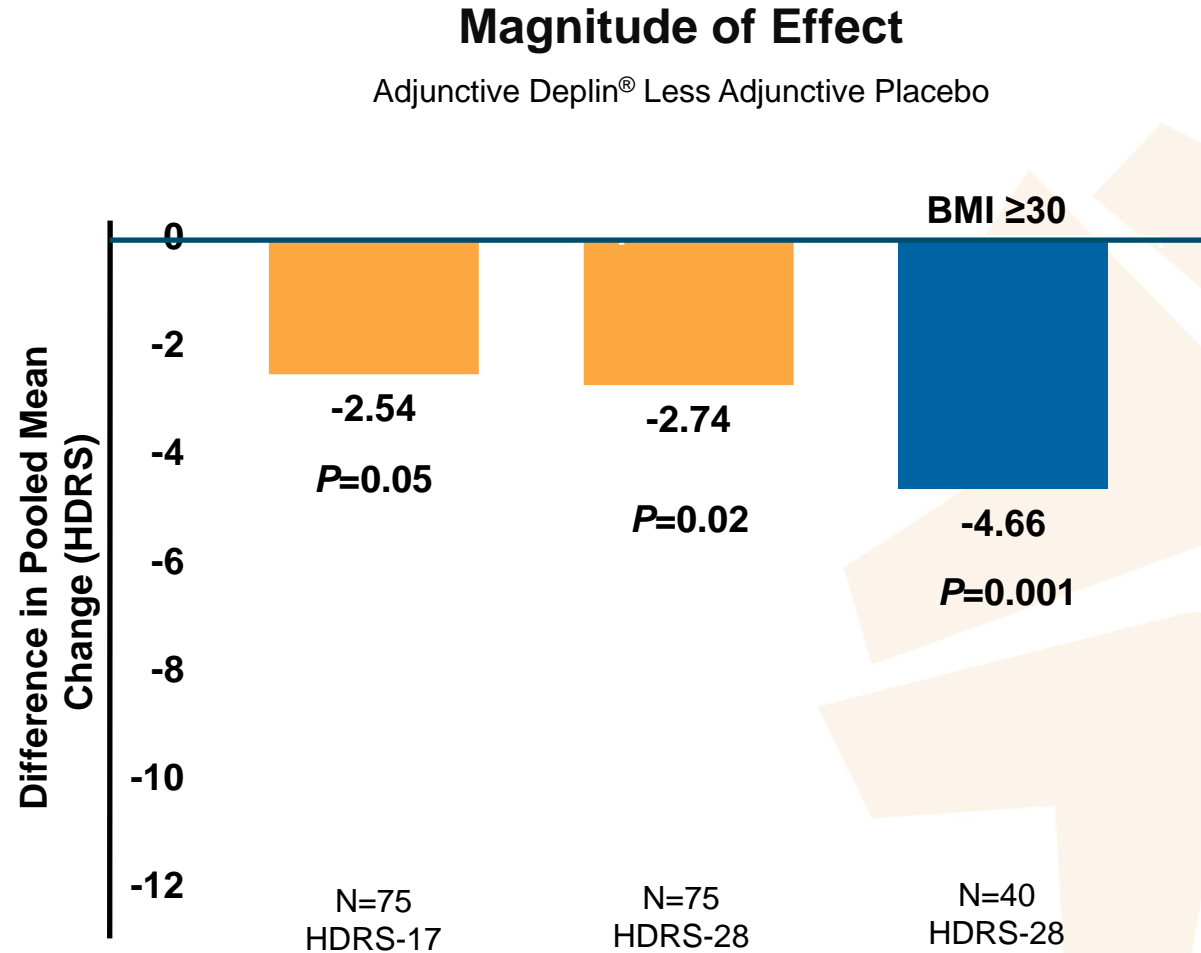
Adverse Events from these Two MDD Studies – LMF Appears to Be Well Tolerated

Side Effect Category	Placebo (N=112) ^a		MTHF 7.5 mg/day (N=94) ^a		MTHF 15 mg/day (N=30) ^a		P
	N	%	N	%	N	%	
Gastrointestinal	23	20.1	9	9.6	3	10.0	.06
Sleep	12	10.7	3	3.2	2	6.7	.11
Psychological	12	10.7	3	3.2	2	6.7	.05
Somatic	22	19.6	9	9.6	3	10.0	.09
Infectious	13	11.6	6	6.4	2	6.7	.38
Cardiovascular	4	3.6	0	0.0	2	6.7	.08
Sexual	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	.99
Miscellaneous	3	2.7	1	1.1	2	6.7	.24

Number Needed to Treat for Response Adjunctive LMF in MDD

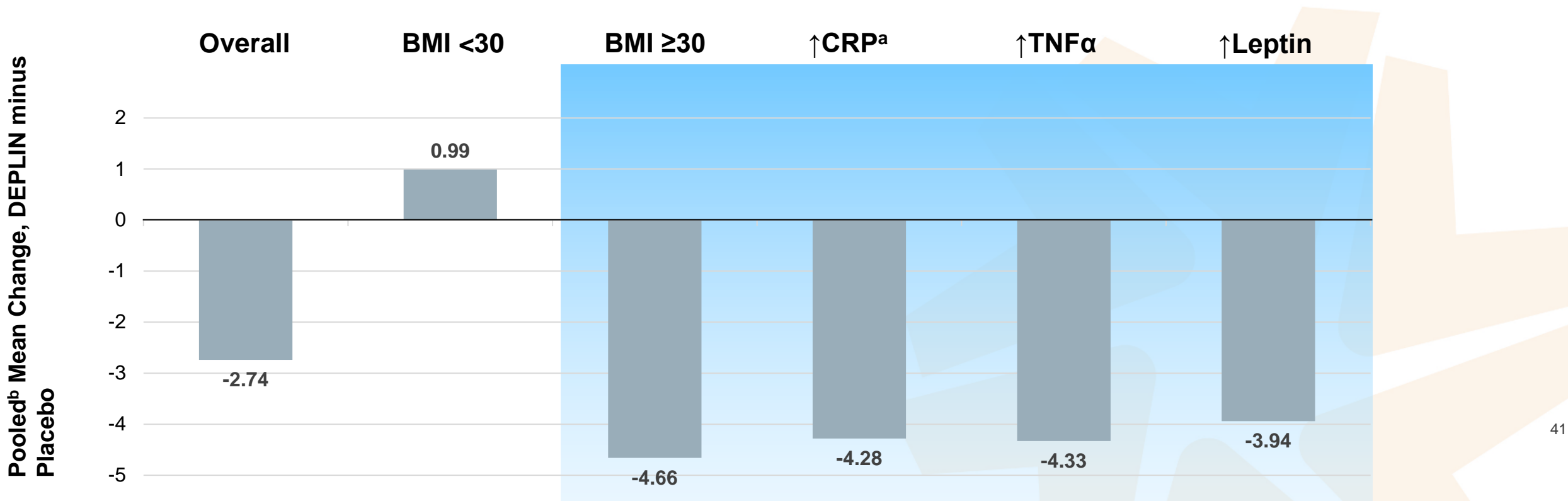


Baseline Mean Change Treatment Effect Stratified by BMI ≥ 30 Compared to General Study Population



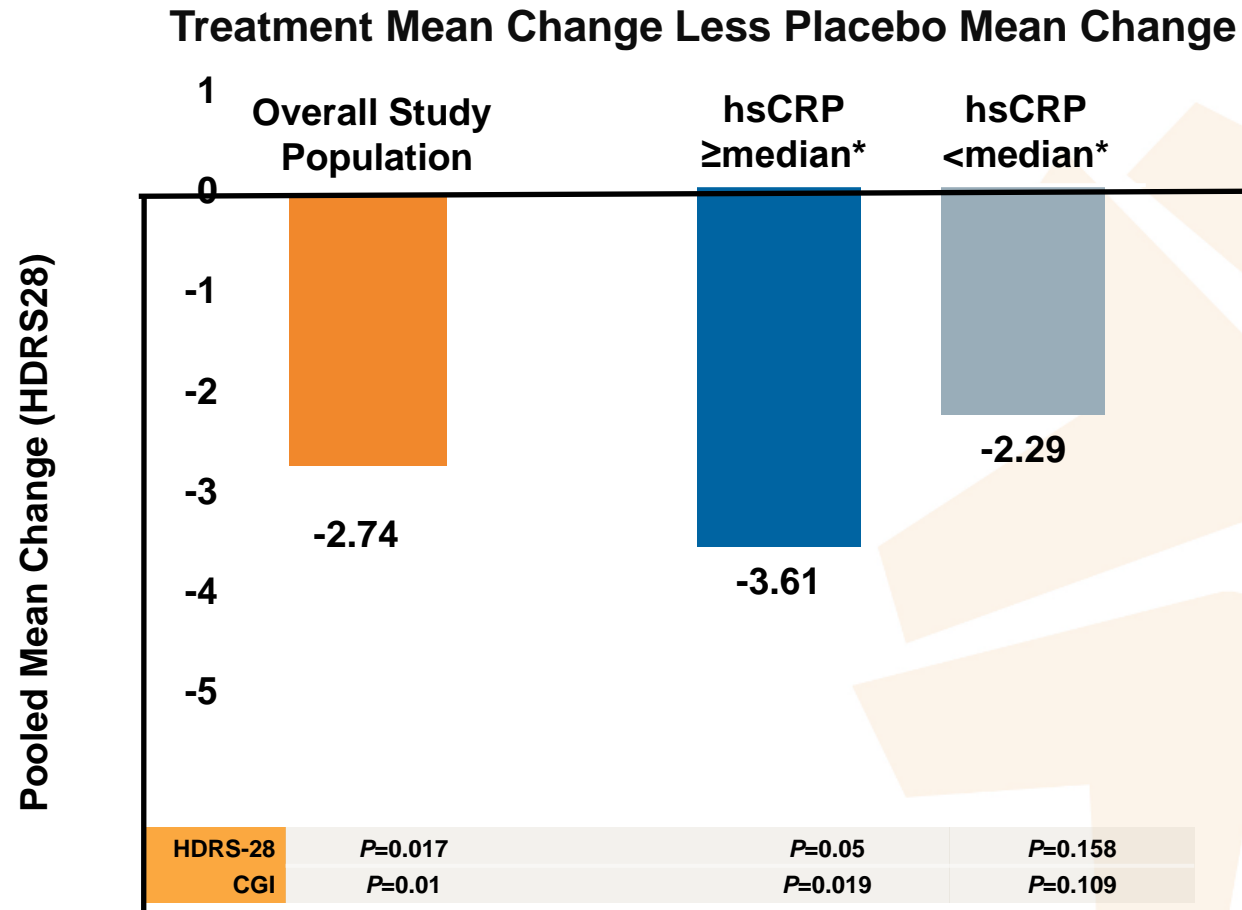
LMF & MDD: Inflammation and Obesity-Related Factors

Post Hoc Analysis: DEPLIN 15 mg/d vs Placebo on Pooled Mean Change From Baseline for HAM-D17 Stratified by Inflammatory Biomarkers and Obesity (N=69)



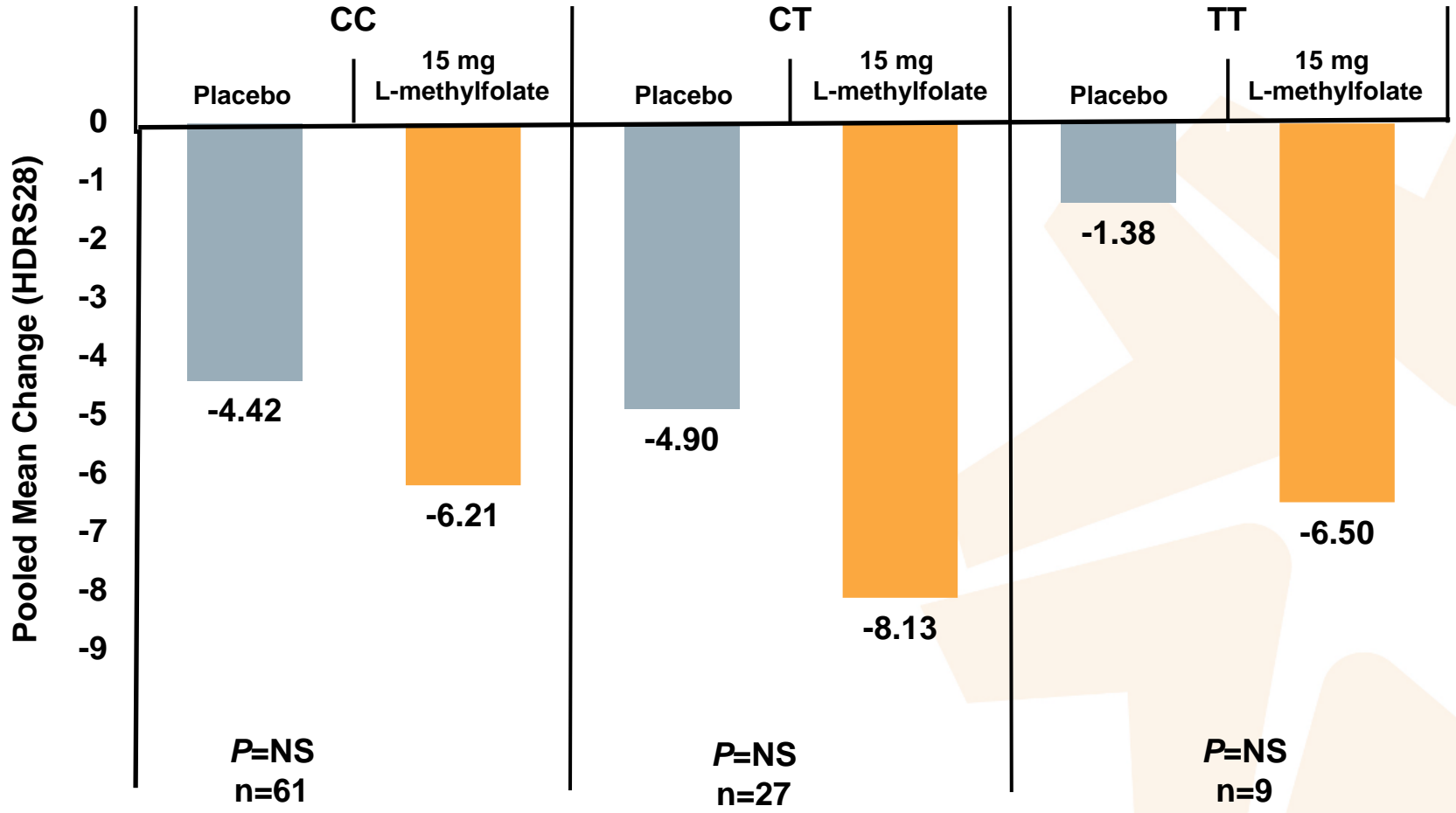
^ahsCRP levels above the median value of (log) 5.01 were considered to be associated with systemic inflammation. ^bPooled across study groups from 2 randomized clinical trials. BMI=body mass index; CRP=C-reactive protein; HAM-D17=Hamilton Depression Rating Scale-17 item; hsCRP=high-sensitivity C-reactive protein; TNFα=tumor necrosis factor alpha.

Baseline Mean Change Treatment Effect Stratified by hsCRP



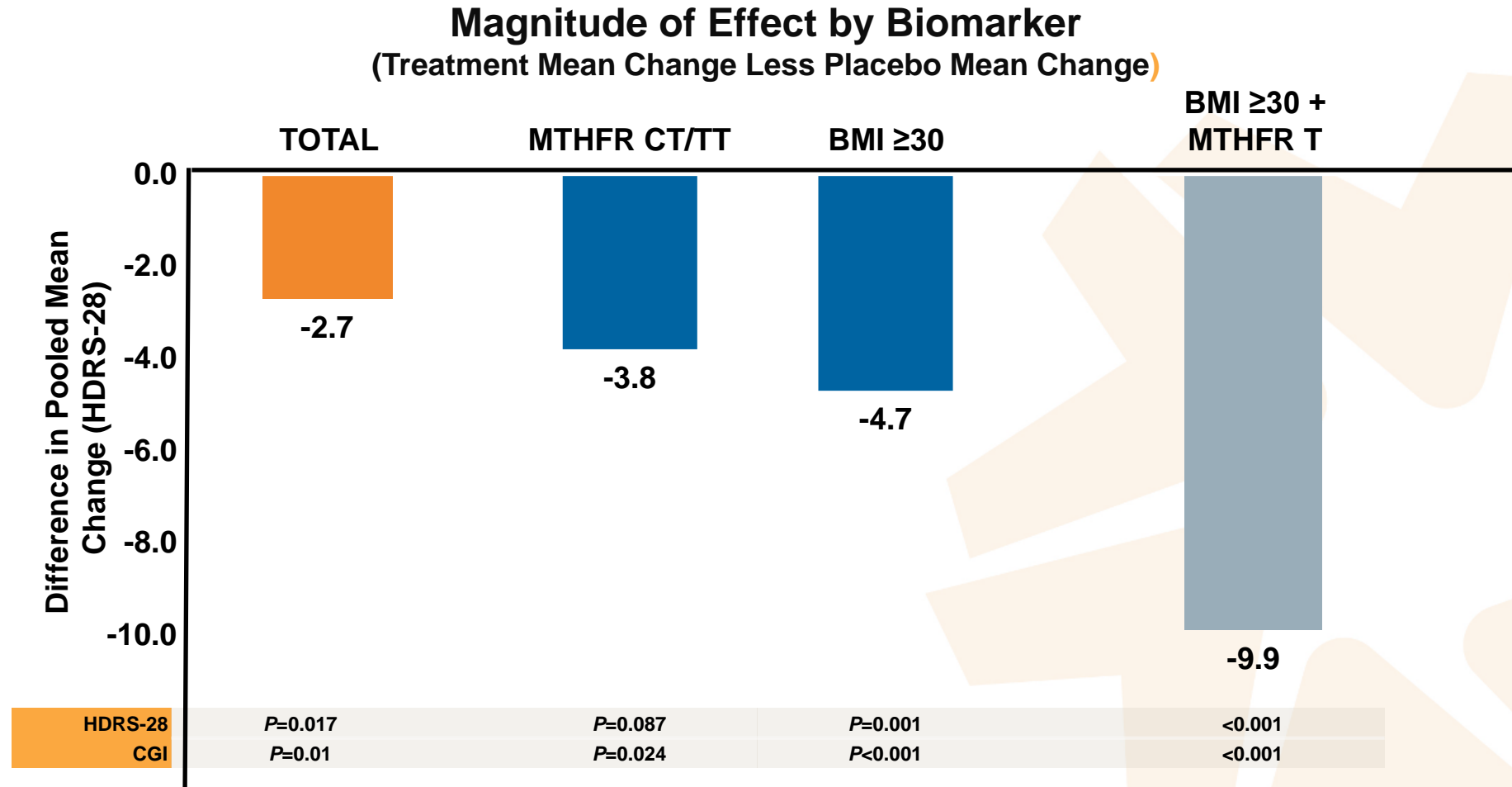
*median = 2.25 mg/L

Treatment Effect by MTHFR Genotype Augmentation of SSRIs

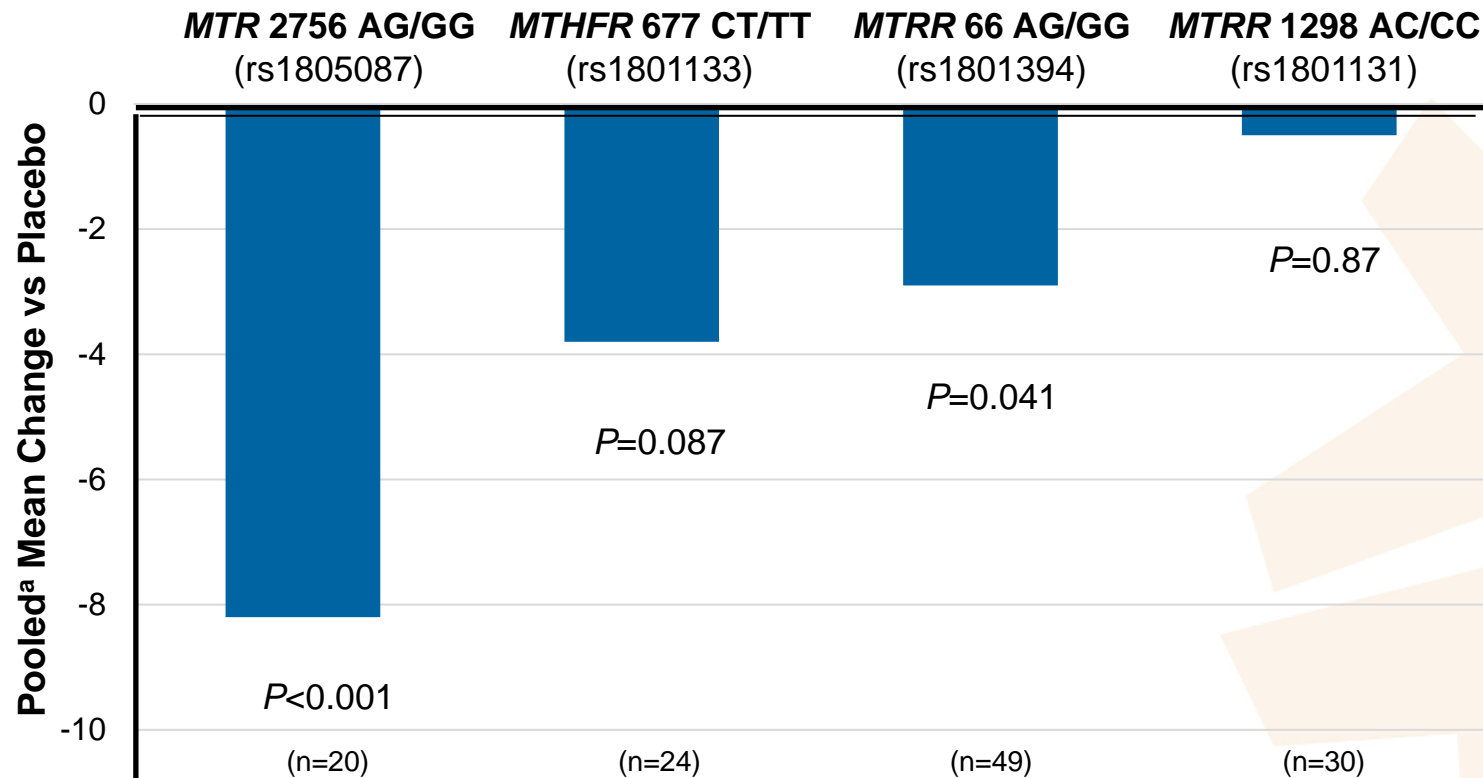


Synergistic Effect of MTHFR & BMI

Adjunctive 15 mg L-methylfolate vs Adjunctive Placebo



Genetic Variants in MDD and LMF Augmentation



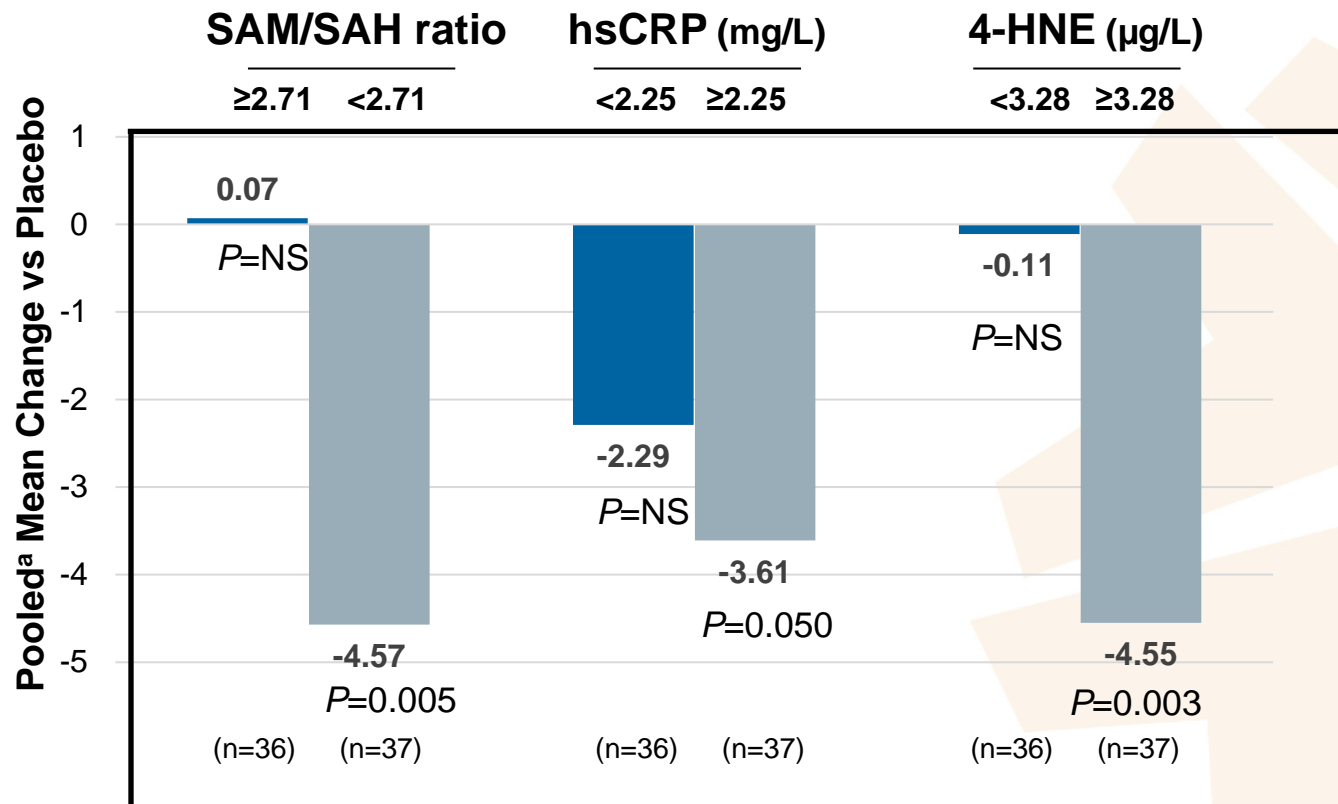
Post Hoc Analysis: LMF 15 mg/d vs Placebo on Pooled Mean Change From Baseline for HAM-D28 Stratified by Select Genetic Markers

^aChange from baseline on HAM-D28. All P values vs placebo.
HAM-D28=Hamilton Depression Rating Scale-28 item.

Patients with the *MTR* 2756 AG/GG or the *MTRR* 66 AG/GG genotypes demonstrated a significantly greater response in HAM-D28

The *MTHFR* 677 CT/TT and *MTHFR* 1298 AC/CC genotypes was not associated with a statistically significant difference compared with controls

Biomarkers Associated with Inflammation Predict Positive Response to LMF



**Post Hoc Analysis:
DEPLIN 15 mg/d vs
Placebo on Pooled
Mean Change From
Baseline for HAM-D28
Stratified by Baseline
Level of Plasma
Marker**

**Patients with
increased levels
of inflammatory
markers demonstrated
significantly greater
response in
HAM-D28**

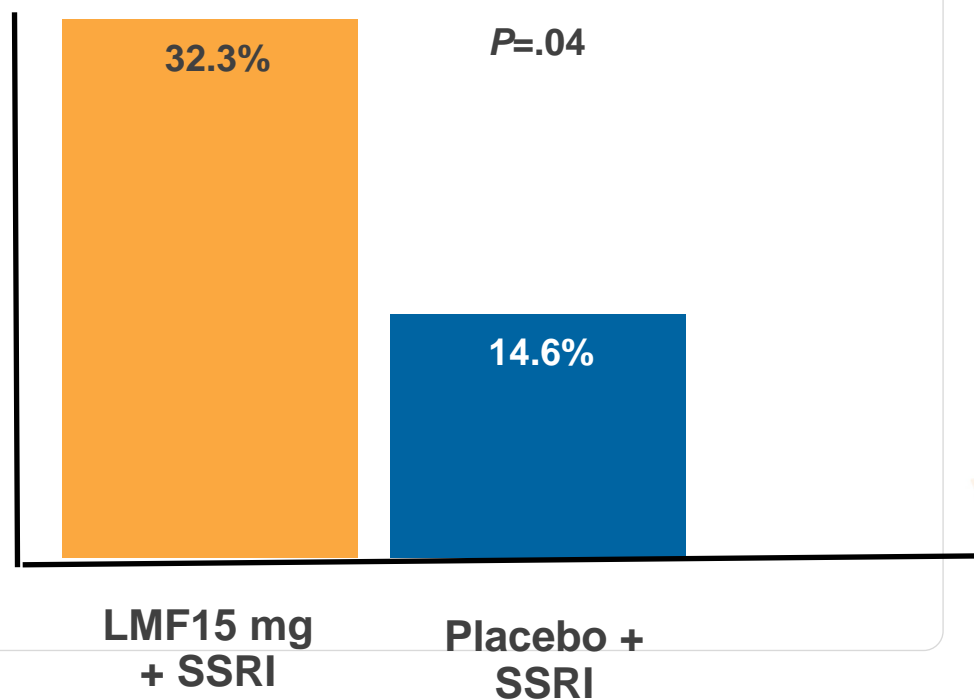
^aPooled across study phases with equal weights.

4-HNE=4-hydroxy-2-nonenal; HAM-D28=Hamilton Depression Rating Scale-28 item; hsCRP=high-sensitivity C-reactive protein; NS=not significant; SAH=S-adenosylhomocysteine; SAM=S-adenosylmethionine.

Papakostas GI et al. *J Clin Psychiatry*. 2014;75(8):855-863.

LMF Augmentation for SSRI-Resistant MDD Significantly Improved Treatment Response Rates

Pooled Mean HAM-D Response Rates After 30 Days



HAM-D = Hamilton Depression Rating Scale

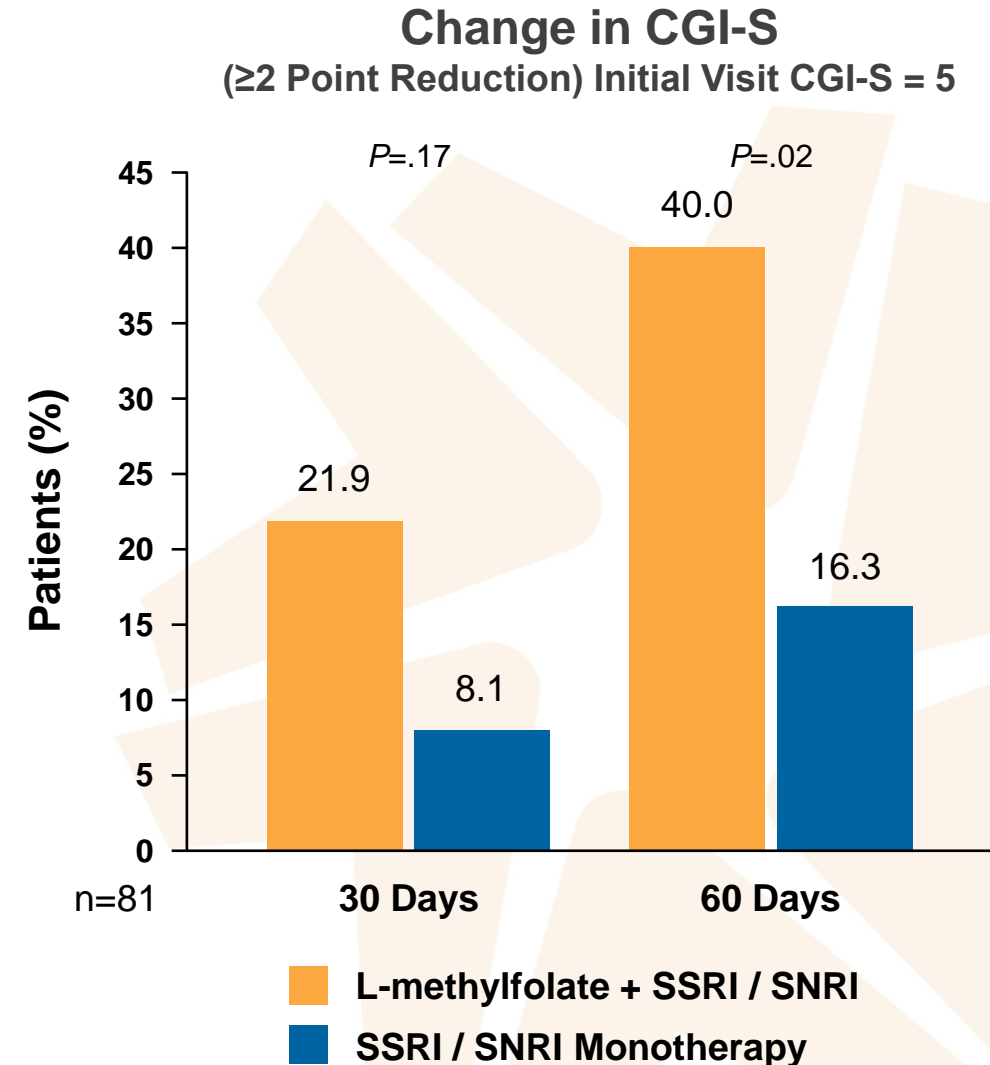
2X  THE RESPONSE

'Real Life' Data on LMF: A Retrospective Study Reveals Significant Positive Effect of LMF

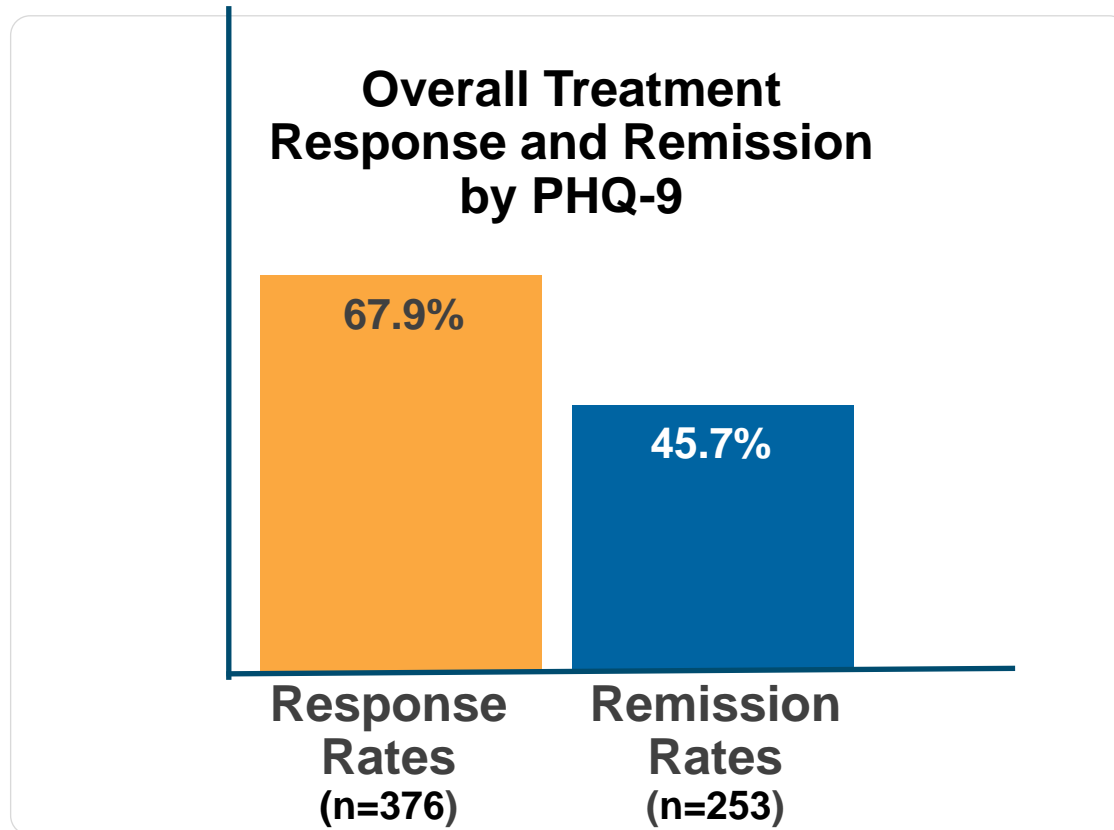
A retrospective analysis of L-methylfolate plus SSRI/SNRI at treatment initiation (n=95) and SSRI/SNRI monotherapy (n=147) from patient charts.

Setting: Outpatient, private psychiatric clinic/practice.

Participants: Adults 18 to 70 with major depressive episode (single or recurrent).



L-methylfolate was Shown to Improve Response and Remission Rates in a 12-Week Real-world Study

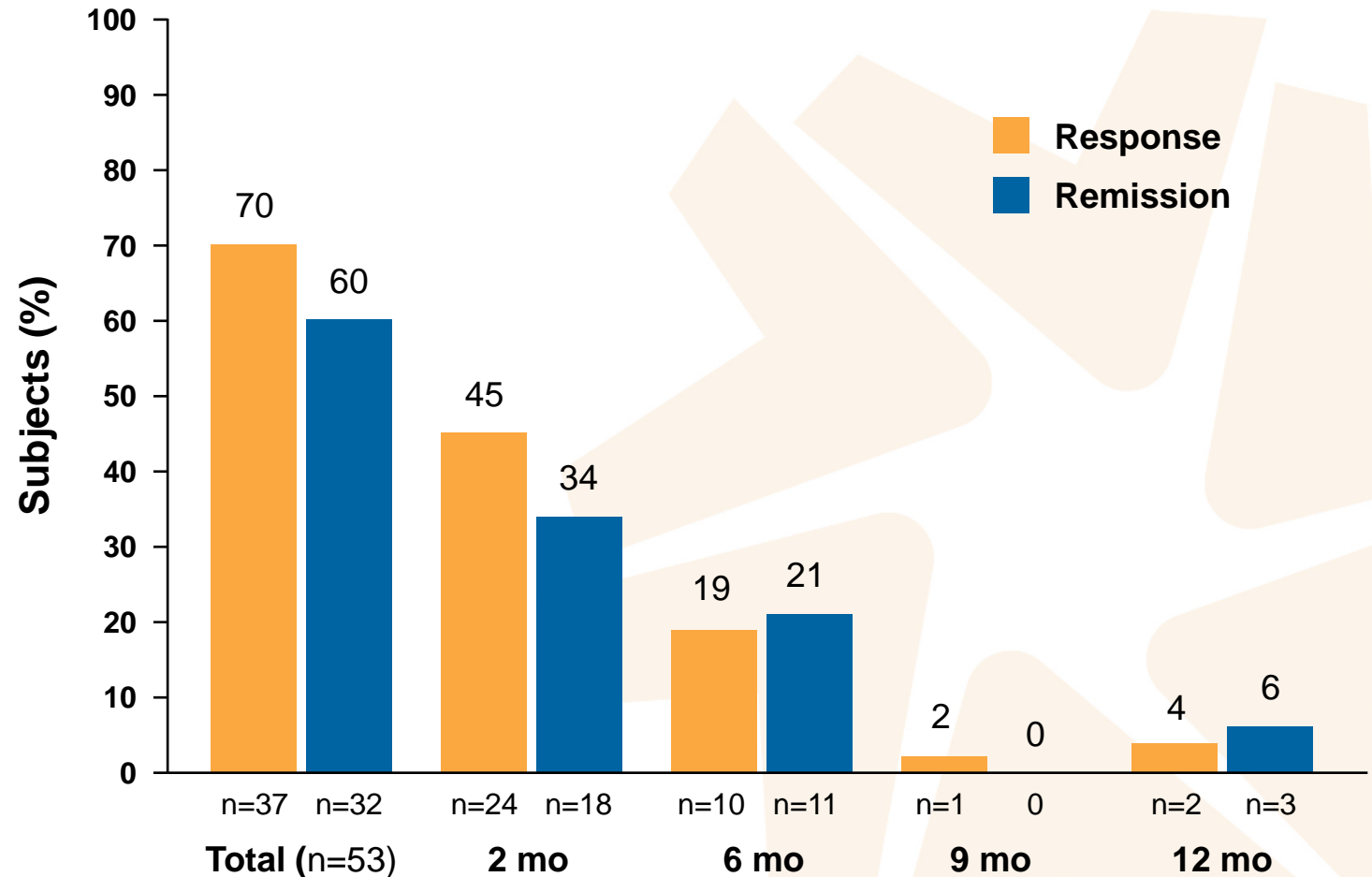


Patient compliance was very high:
>90%
of patients reported on LMF

Does LMF Have Long Term Benefit?

1 Year Open Label Study Looks Promising

A. Time of Onset of Response and Remission



- 12 month open label study (n=68)
- L methylfolate 15 mg was added to SSRI and SNRI

L-Methylfolate with SSRI Shows Significant and Long-term Response and Remission Rates

Patients achieve response

92%

of patients achieved response within the first 3 to 6 months of the long-term maintenance phase

Patients achieve remission

75%

of patients (3 of 4) met the remission criteria,

REMISSION

was achieved within 3 to 6 months

60%

of patients who failed to show a response at the end of acute therapy achieved remission during the long-term maintenance phase of the trial

Patients achieve relapse and recurrence

91%

of patients (10 of 11) met the recovery criteria, having ≥ 6 months of remission from the start of the open-label phase

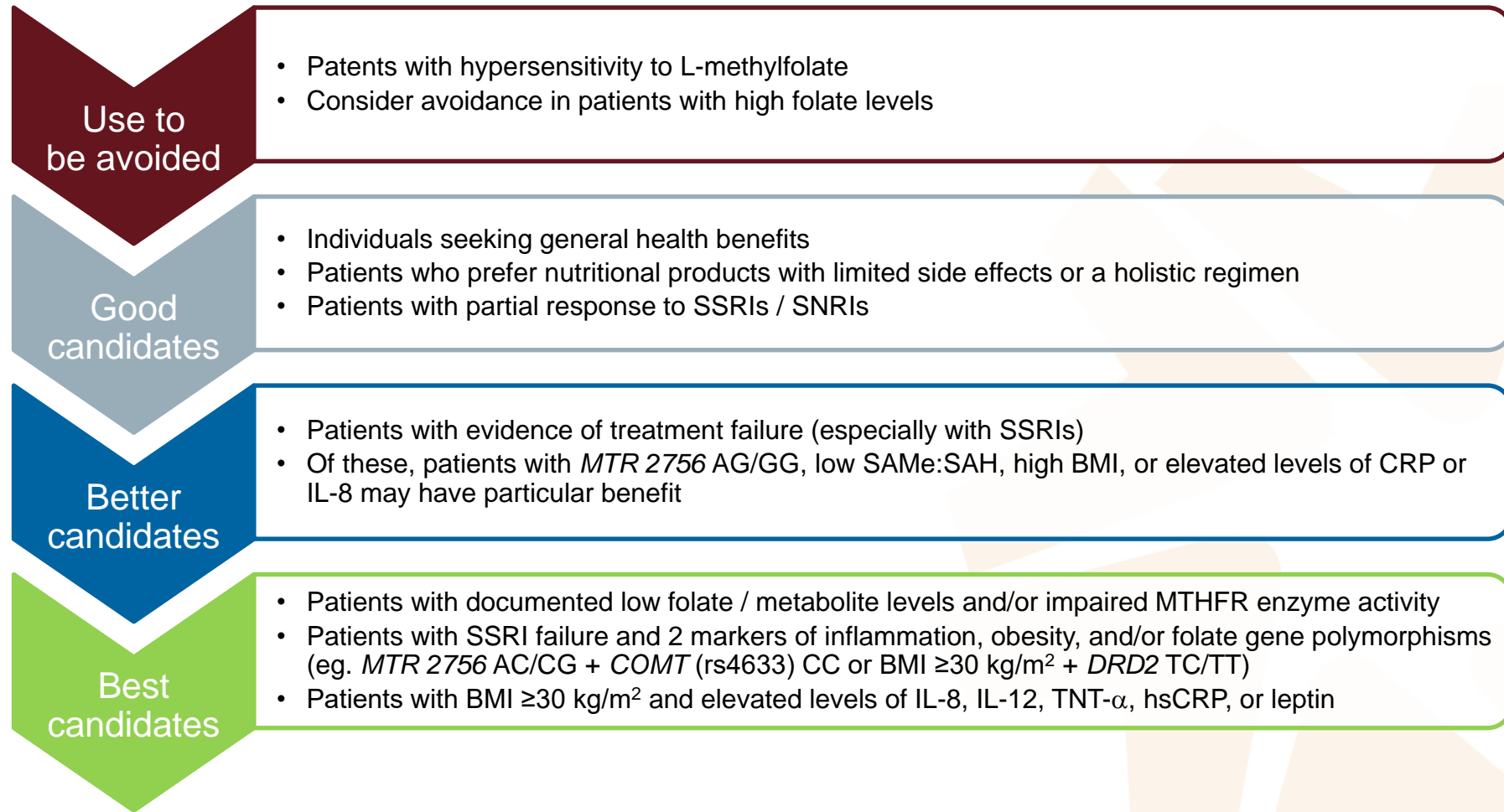
NONE

of these patients experienced a relapse or recurrence

In Summary



Good, Better, Best Clinical Situations for Potential Use of LMF





Questions?